THE MARBLE FAMILY

JOHN MARBLE

The origin of our Marble family is with difficulty established. The earliest settler of the name in New England was John, who with his wife Judith was in Boston, Mass., as early as 1646. There was also a Samuel Marble, perhaps a brother of John, who owned land in Concord, Mass., in 1666.* The records contain very little information about either of these men or their families. It is reasonable to suppose that our Marbles, Samuel and Joseph, who appeared in Andover, Mass., in the next generation were sons either of John or of Samuel; and after considering the evidence, which is mostly of a circumstantial nature, we favor the claim of John as the progenitor of the Andover Marbles.

Since Samuel Marble owned land in Concord in 1666, it is very unlikely that he can be identical with our Samuel Marble, who by his own statement of his age,† was born about 1648, and hence was but eighteen years old when the elder Samuel was a landowner at Concord. There was, besides, a Mary Marble who was married at Concord, 4 Feb. 1677/8.‡ to James Sawyer of Lancaster. It is natural to assume that she was daughter of the elder Samuel, for a young unmarried girl (the bridegroom was but twenty-one at the time of the marriage) would hardly have been living alone in Concord. Unfortunately, the existence of Samuel of Concord is very shadowy; he had no children recorded in the town records, nor does he appear in Middlesex County land or probate records.

To complicate matters, there was a Nicholas Marble whom Savage§ places at Gloucester, Mass., in 1658. He was of Ipswich, Mass., in 1661, when he was released from the regular military training to which all male citizens of proper age were liable, upon payment of three shillings annually into the colonial treasury. In 1669 he testified, aged 40, with his wife Elizabeth. The last

^{*} Shattnek: A History of the Town of Concord, Boston, 1835, p. 378,

[†] Execx County Court Records, vol. 4, p. 422.

¹ Concord Hirths, Marriages and Deaths, p. 24.

I Genealogical Dictionary of New England, vol. 3, p. 150.

¹ Essex County Court Records, vol. 2, p. 279.

^{1 1}b., vol. 4, p. 114,

mention that has been found of him was in 1682, when he testified in an Ipswich case.* Apparently he was an independent settler, and we do not know whether he was related to the Andover Marbles or not. If his age was correctly stated, he was born about 1629, which would make him a little too young to be considered as a candidate for the paternity of Samuel and Joseph.

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Finally, a William Marble, perhaps a brother of John, lived for a time in Charlestown, Mass.; he was aged about 40 in 1652. Middlesex court files prove that he returned to England.

Savage† mentions a Samuel Marble at Andover in 1660, and if this were true, we should be obliged to give more serious consideration to Samuel of Concord as father of our Samuel and Joseph, for as mentioned above our Samuel was born about 1648, and so was but twelve years old in 1660. Examination of Andover records,‡ however, failed to locate any mention there of a Samuel Marble until 1673, when our Samuel and Joseph received their first grant of land. A grant was made in an uncertain year, probably 1664, to one Samuel Martin, and the copyist who supplied Savage with Andover data presumably misread this name as Marble.

We return therefore to the early John Marble of Boston as the most likely forefather of our Marble family, and here a bit of real evidence comes to light. The Selectmen of Andover certified to the Court that they warned John Marble out of town on 7 May 1680.\sqrt{8} Furthermore, while in the tax list of 30 Dec. 1679, Joseph and Samuel were the only Marbles named, the tax list of 27 Dec. 1680 contains the following:

John Marble 0-4-9 Joseph Marble 0-6-10 Samuel Marble 0-6-6

The names appear in that order, without intervening names. The question arises, who was this John who in 1680 was living in Andover, and thereafter disappears? It seems almost certain that he was father or brother of Joseph and Samuel. Let us remember that John Marble of Boston had a son John born there in 1646. The younger John removed to Medford in 1671, married there

^{*} Essex County Court Records, vol. 8, p. 408.

[†] Genealogical Dictionary of New England, vol. 3, p. 150.

^{\$} Made by Sidney A. Merriam, Esq., of Marblehead, Mass., 1931.

[§] Essex County Court Records, vol. 8, p. 22.

[#]Old Tax Book, Andover, 1670-1716, unpaged.

in 1673, and lived for some years in Charlestown, where he was in 1704. In that year he contributed £1 to the enlarging and repairing of the Malden meeting house, his name and contribution being entered in a list of "names of our Charlestown naightbors."*

As between this younger John, who was then established in Charlestown, and the older man, who made his home with him, we think it was more probably the latter who sojourned in Andover in 1680. Then a man of over seventy, is it not likely that he desired to spend a few months with his younger sons from whom he had been separated so long? On the other hand, the records do not solve this question with certainty, and it is not impossible that it was John Marble, Jr., who lived in Andover for a short time. The important thing is, that we have in these records a definite clue to connect Samuel and Joseph with the John Marble family.

A word must be said in explanation of the "warnings out of town" which were so common in early colonial New England. The issuing of such a warning did not imply that the recipient was in any way undesirable as an inhabitant. It was a mere technicality. When a stranger appeared in a town, an official warning to depart was issued; this legally relieved the town of any responsibility for him, and if he ever became indigent, the town could not be held for his support, but could send him back to his previous place of residence. Many who received such warnings later became prominent citizens.

John Marble did not remain long in Andover. He was a man of small property, and he probably turned over what he had to his children before reaching an extreme old age. He died in Cambridge in October 1695, aged near 90.† Of his wife, we know nothing except that her name was Judith.

Joseph Marble, our first proved American ancestor, named a son John, and John in turn named a daughter Judith. Was this not more than a coincidence, and a tribute of respect to the memory of his grandmother? We believe so, and shall place John and Judith hypothetically at the head of our family record. Although the evidence for placing Joseph as son of John of Charlestown is entirely of a circumstantial nature, its cumulative weight cannot lightly be dismissed.

^{*} Corey: History of Malden, p. 214.

[†] Wyman: Charlestown Genzalogies and Estates, p. 653,

FAMILY RECORD, JOHN' MARBLE

JOHN¹ MARBLE, born in or after 1605; lived in Charlestown and Medford, Mass.; died at Charlestown, Mass., in Oct. 1695 aged near 90, but his age may have been exaggerated; married JUDITH ———.

Children:*

- i. Ruhamah², b. [say 1644]; m. in 1668, John Wiggins.†
- John, b. at Boston, 10 Nov. 1646; d. at Malden, Mass., 2 June 1730; settled in Medford, Mass., and m. 3 May 1673, MARY WHITTEMORE, a widow.‡
- iii. Samuel, b. abt. 1648; m. at Andover, Mass., 26 Nov. 1675, Rebecca Andrews.
- +iv. Joseph, b. abt. 1650.
 - v. Gershom, b. abt. 1660; d. at Hingham, Mass., 6 Aug. 1725; m. (1)

 Mary ———, who d. at Charlestown, 30 Dec. 1694, as "a young woman"; m. (2) at Scituate, Mass., 29 Dec. 1697, Waitstill Ingle, who d. at Hingham, 14 Nov. 1728.§

vi. Thomas, b. [say 1662]; m. at Charlestown, Mass., 30 Aug. 1689, Sarah Bell. b. abt. 1665.

JOSEPH² MARBLE

In early days the name Marble was variously spelled, and appears in records as Marbel, Marable, and even Marvel. We must therefore suppose that the Joseph Marable mentioned in 1669¶ as servant of John Eames was our Joseph Marble; and this is the first time we have found his name on record. John was son

^{*} All except John, Jr., are hypothetically placed as children of John. There is record evidence that Samuel and Joseph were brothers. There were probably more daughters than we have been able to discover. There may also have been a son Jacob (see Bailey's Historical Sketches of Andover, 1880, p. 107).

[†] Middlesex County Court Files, vol. 2, pp. 74, 89. Joseph Hallowell and Ann Edwards testified that Capt. Marshall at Lynn married John Wiggins and Ruhamah Marble of Medford; "Goodman" Marble and wife were present. We are indebted to Mr. Clarence A. Torrey of Dorchester, Mass., for all references to the Middlesex County Court Files; the references are to the Wyman abstracts in the New England Historic Genealogical Society Library in Boston.

t His son, John Marble, lived in Malden and had eight children recorded there, including a daughter named Judith.

[§] Curiously enough, Gershom had sons named Ephraim and Nathaniel, names which appear in our own line, which descends from Gershom's supposed brother, Joseph. Gershom also named a son John, after his supposed father. Gershom was a mariner; aged 23 in 1683 (Wyman's Charlestown Gencalogies and Estates, p. 654).

[#] She was bapt. at Charlestown, 21 Apr. 1695, aged 30. No other parentage for Thomas appears probable, and it is significant that he named a daughter Ruhamah. # Middlesex Court Files, vol. 2, pp. 76, 77, 87.

of Thomas Eames, and the Eames family between 1660 and 1670 lived in Cambridge, Sudbury, Sherborn, and Watertown, Mass.

In the primitive social conditions prevailing in the earlier colonial period, "servants" did not constitute a distinct social class. The term was customarily applied to young people who had been apprenticed for a term of years; it was applied even to boys who had been apprenticed to uncles or other relatives. Since trades were customarily learned by the system of apprenticeship, and those who "served" such apprenticeships were known as "servants" of those who were entitled to their services during these periods, it will be seen that the term was used in a special and temporary sense which was very different from present-day usage.

From the two facts that Joseph was apparently serving an apprenticeship in 1669 and was hence a minor in that year, and that in 1673 he was already a land-owner, we can place his birth as about 1650. This conforms with the age of his brother Samuel, who by his own statement was born about 1648 and thus was some two years older than Joseph.

The family of John Marble was large, and his circumstances were far from affluent. It is not surprising, therefore, that two of the boys, Samuel and Joseph, struck out for themselves. From Andover records* we learn:

Graunted this 5th of January 1673 to Samuell Marble, the privilage of being a townsman, he the said Samuel paying four shillings p anno to the towne for ever for herbage & firewood.

Graunted ye 5th of January 1673, to Joseph Marble and to Samuel Marble a peell of low land, adjoyning upon the south side and east end of their meadow they bought of Samuel Martin, and to be valued by the lot-lairers ye sd Joseph & Samuell paying the true valuation thereof to the towne.

Doubtless the year meant was 1673/4. But the brothers had been in Andover at least since 1671. Just what took them to Andover, in their early twenties, we can only surmise. Possibly they had relatives there, as for example a maternal uncle; or Samuel may have been apprenticed to a man who settled there, and after attaining his majority may have arranged for Joseph to join him. The earliest mention we find of them in Andover is in the court records. On 7 Sept. 1671, Henry Bennett sued Joseph Marble concerning a colt in his brother Samuel's hands; and

^{*} Book unpaged and unindexed, tabeled "Ancient Town Records."



REPRODUCTION OF AN OLD SAMPLER HANDED DOWN IN THE MARRIE FAMILY Samuel Marble, aged about 23, deposed that his brother Joseph left the horse in the meadow before Christopher Osgood's door.* Earlier in the same year, on 30 May, Joseph had married Mary Faulkner, daughter of Mr. Edmund Faulkner, a man of local prominence.

The loss of the earlier town records is at fault for our failure to learn more of the circumstances that brought the Marble brothers to Andover. The oldest book now in existence refers to "our towne Record being taken away by ye enemy Indians," presumably during King Philip's War, 1675-76, in which Andover suffered somewhat.

Edmund Faulkner, Joseph Marble's father-in-law, was a man of good family and education, and was accorded the "prefix of respect" (Mr.) which in those days was restricted to men of birth, breeding, or prominence. He was a first settler of Andover, where he was a considerable land-owner. At a town meeting, 3 Feb. 1661 [1661/2], he was chosen to enter land grants in the record book; on 3 Jan. 1675 [1675/6] he was chosen Selectman and Common Clerk for the next ensuing year. The following entries† are also of interest.

3 Mar. 1678/9. Graunted to Mr. Edmund ffaulkner. two acres of land adjoyning to his land which is called his new ground which is for ten shillings in money lent to the town.

Granted to Mr. Edmund ffaulkner, six acres of land adjoining his land behind ye pond which land is in consideration of his loss sustained by ye Indians.

Under date of 6 Mar. 1681/2, we read:

Voted that satisfaction should be made to Thomas Johnson for what meadowe was intended for him which afterward prouved Daniel Poors Junr. William Chandler senr & Joseph Marble are appointed to measure ye abovesd meadowe.

- 3 March 1683/4. Sold to Samuel Marble a small gore of land lying betwixt the south end of his land and ye middle way going over ye swamp.
- 1 March 1685/6. Graunted libertie to Samuel Marble libertie to exchange a pcell of land he hath lying on ye west end of Stephen Barnards land he the said Barnard bought of said Marble, and to lay out soe much on ye south west side of a parcell of ground ye towne gave to Joshua Woodman for his loss he sustained by the Indians.

^{*} Essex County Court Records, vol. 4, pp. 421, 422.

[†] All from the unpaged "Ancient Town Records."

3 Jan. 1686 [1686/7]. ffrancis ffaulkner is chosen Constable for ye North end of ye towne for ye year ensuing.

This probably refers to the younger Francis, brother-in-law of Joseph Marble.

6 Jan. 1689 [1689/90]. Complaints of encroachments on town commons: Lieut Barker, Corpl. John Aslbee and Joseph Marble were chosen for this committee, the towne having voted that three should be ye committee.

Graunted libertie to Samil: Marble to change a parcell of land upon ye gravelly ridge near his barn & to join it to Ser^{jat}: Nathan Steevens his lott ye overplus to be paid to ye towne by sd Marble in such pay as ye towne pays ye ministers rates in.*

7 Mar. 1691/2. Graunted libertie to Samil Marble to lay down about an acre & half land upon ye west side of his lott & to make up soe much joyning

to Serint: Steevens his land.

Voted and passed that Capt. Thomas Chandler, Corpl. Thomas Jnoson, Serjt. Jno. Bridges, Walter Wright & Joseph Marble be a committee to take an account of such as hath encroached upon town commons.

6 March 1692/3. Stephen Parker & Timothy Osgood, Abraham ffoster, Joseph Wilson, Samuel Phelps, & Joseph Marble Sen[®] are chosen fence

viewers for ye year ensuing.

5 March 1693/4. Benjamin Stevens Samil Marble John Marstone Jung Jno Ballard Benjamin Abbott & Jno Steevens are chosen Hawards or field drivers for ye next year ensuing.

At the same meeting, the bounty on wolves was raised from ten to twenty shillings, which reminds us that frontier conditions still prevailed in Andover in 1694.

4 March 1694/5. Joseph & Samuel Marble chosen fence-viewers.

1 March 1696/7. Left. Benj. Steevens John Bridges Walter Wright Senr and Joseph Marble junr was chosen tything men for the year next ensuing.

Joseph's family was now growing up, and two of his children were of adult age. Joseph was appointed a fence viewer, 7 Mar. 1697/8, but the descriptive appellation is so poorly written that we are left in doubt as to whether it was "Senr." or "Junr." We have given the entries from the "Ancient Town Records" relating to Joseph Marble and his brother down to 1700, and they show that the Marbles were locally active and held several minor town offices. Joseph's father-in-law, Mr. Edmund Faulkner, had died 18 Jan. 1686/7. The family continued to be prominent, and Joseph's brother-in-law, John Faulkner, was elected constable, 2 Mar. 1701/2. The old record book brings to light an occasional

[·] Corn and hay.

forgotten quarrel, important to those engaged in it at the time, but trivial in retrospect. In 1707 there was a dispute about the location of the meeting house, and one faction submitted a list of qualified voters (including Samll Marble, Jno ffaulkner, Danll ffulkner), claiming that at a previous meeting, when a site they disapproved was chosen, many unqualified men voted.

Joseph was on the Grand Jury which took part in the "Jail Delivery" when the witchcraft delusion began to subside in 1692.*

The "Old Tax Book" at Andover covers the period from 1670 to 1716. Tax lists do not make interesting reading, but items of genealogical importance are often found in them. On 30 Dec. 1679, Joseph and Samuel Marble appear in the tax list. following year, as has already been mentioned in the previous chapter, the names John Marble, Joseph Marble, and Samuel Marble, appeared in that sequence in the list of 27 Dec. 1680. On 14 Apr. 1681, the names ffrancis ffaukner, Joseph Marble and Sam Marble appear. Joseph and Samuel Marble are listed in many subsequent years. On 13 Nov. 1681, "Joseph Marbell" was referred to as "constabell." In 1687 Joseph Marble paid his tax in two shillings eleven pence money and eight shillings seven pence corn, which takes us back to a period of money scarcity when many transactions were carried on by barter, and when payment was made in commodities. In 1695 Joseph Marble, Jr., appears in the tax list with his father. In 1697 there is a reference to "the year Joseph Marble was Constable." In 1701 Samuel Marble was Constable.

Joseph Marble of Andover, planter, bought 165 acres in Sudbury, 18 Sept. 1704.†

In 1708 and 1709 the name of Joseph Marble still is seen in Andover tax lists. But he had already removed to Sudbury, Mass., and was called of that place in a deed to Ebenezer Knight recorded on 6 Oct. 1708.‡ Late in life, before removal to Marlborough, Mass., he conveyed in 1725 and 1726 to his sons Edmund and John.§ He died at Marlborough, 2 Aug. 1728.

The Marbles of Andover descend chiefly from Joseph's brother Samuel. One of Samuel's sons, Freegrace Marble, settled in

^{*} Bailey's Historical Sketches of Andover, p. 231.

[†] Middlesex County Deeds, vol. 13, p. 623.

[‡] Ib., vol. 14, p. 605.

[§] Ib., vol. 25, pp. 170, 496.

Marlborough Vital Records, p. 376.

Sutton, Mass., and became progenitor of a large and prominent family of Marbles in Worcester County.

FAMILY RECORD, JOSEPH² MARBLE

Joseph² Marble (John¹), born about 1650, died at Marlborough, Mass., 2 Aug. 1728; married at Andover, Mass., 30 May 1671, Mary Faulkner, born about 1649, died (not found), daughter of Edmund and Dorothy (———) (Robinson) Faulkner.

Children, born at Andover:

i. Dosothy*, b. 16 June 1672; d. 30 June 1672.

 Joseph, b. 28 July 1673; d. at Stow, Mass., in 1749; a mason by trade; m. (1) at Andover, Mass., 23 Apr. 1695, Hannah Barnard, b. 7 Mar. 1678, d. ——, daughter of Stephen and Rebecca (Howe) Barnard; m. (2) at Stow, Mass. (intention 17 Oct. 1730), Ruth Rann.*

 John, b. probably by 1680; d. at Stow, Mass., 28 Dec. 1762; m. Abigail, Merriam, b. at Concord, Mass., 19 Oct. 1684, d. at Stow, Mass., 29 Jan. 1768, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth

(Townsend) Merriam,

iv. Jonathan, b. 7 Jan. 1682 [probably 1682/3]; d. ——; a brick-layer by trade, settled in Mariborough, Mass.; m. at Concord, Mass., 31 Oct. 1716, Sarah Dubley, b. perhaps 1695, d. ——, daughter of Joseph and Abigail (Goble) Dudley.

+v. EDMUND, b. 8 Jan. 1684 [probably 1684/5].

vi. Mary, b. 1 June 1691; nr. at Marlborough, as his second wife, 26 Nov. 1713, Josian Howe, b. at Sudbury, Mass., 24 Dec. 1678, son of Josiah and Mary (Haynes) Howe.

vii. Alice, b. 1 Jan. 1693/4; living unmarried in 1730; m. at Salem,

Mass., 12 Feb. 1734, Benjamin Swinnerton.

EDMUND³ MARBLE

Born at Andover, Mass., 8 Jan. 1684/5, Edmund Marble doubtless spent his boyhood in Andover, until the removal of his father's family to Sudbury, Mass. When his father removed to Marlborough, Edmund remained in Sudbury. On 15 Oct. 1725, Edmund purchased land in Sudbury from his father for £100.†

Edmund's marriage is recorded in both Sudbury and Concord. The Sudbury entry states that he married Mary Jewell in Concord. 7 Aug. 1711.‡ The Concord entry states that Edmond

[·] Or Rundall?

[†] Middlesex County Deeds, vol. 25, p. 170,

[‡] Sudbury Vital Records, p. 224.

Marble and Mary Jewel, both of Sudbury, were married by Justice Minott on 24 Sept. 1714.* Her name was really Mercy; she was so called in 1717 in the birth record of their first child, and her name was spelled Mercy and Marcy in the birth records of other children, as well as in other records. The name Mercy, spelled Marcy, has often been misread as Marey or Mary, and this may explain the discrepancy of name; but for the discrepancy of date we can offer no explanation except carelessness on the part of the recording clerk. The later date (1714) is probably correct.†

Edmund's name appears several times in the land records. Edmund was called of Sudbury in a deed to Robert Conant recorded 4 Aug. 1731, and in a deed to John Fletcher recorded 10 Apr. 1733. Hence, although two children of Edmund born prior to 1731 were recorded in Stow, Mass., his removal to that place did not take place until 1733 or later. He was of Stow when he conveyed in 1746, 1747, 1748, and 1751.‡

The births of some of Edmund's children are not found on record, but Nathaniel's parentage is proved by the following deed:

To all Christian People to whom these presents shall come greeting Know ye that I Edimund Marble of Stow ... Husbandman for and in the Consideration of the Love I have for my son Nathaniel Marble and for the great desire I have for his Comfortable support in this World Have given and granted unto him the said Nath! Marble a certain tract within the Township of Stow and is part of the Lott that was formerly Benjamin Bosworth's the Northwest part of the same and is by estimation four acres also sixteen acres twenty first day of September anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and forty three.

Edmund Marble signed this deed with his mark; Jacob Marble was a witness. The deed was acknowledged 18 Jan. 1743/4, and recorded 25 Nov. 1746.

Having disposed of most of his realty, no probate of Edmund's estate appears, and no record of his death has been found. He was still living in 1756, for his son Daniel died in that year, and as Edmund was feeble the selectmen of Stow recommended to

^{*} Concord Births, Marriages and Deaths, p. 85.

[†] Mercy was born about 1697 by age at death, hence was only 14 in 1711; the first recorded child was not born until 1717.

^{*} Middlesex County Deeds, vol. 32, p. 375; vol. 34, p. 282; vol. 45, p. 544; vol. 47, p. 135; vol. 46, p. 589; vol. 50, p. 356.

^{§ 1}b., vol. 45, p. 544.

the Probate Court that Moses Chandler, son-in-law of Edmund, be appointed to administer.

He probably did not long survive, and was certainly dead in 1761 when his widow Mercy consented to a sale made by their son Nathaniel. She removed with Nathaniel to Conway, Mass., where her death at the age of 92 was entered in the church records as occurring on 28 Apr. 1789.

The ancestry of Mercy Jewell is of some interest. Her grandfather, Thomas Jewell, settled in Braintree, Mass., in 1639, and died there in 1654. His desirable widow, Grisell, married second, the following year, Humphrey Griggs, who died in 1657; she had five husbands in all, and had four Jewell children by her first husband, and one Kibby child by her third husband. She died in 1669, and her will gave land in Mendon to her son Joseph "Juell."

Joseph Jewell was born in Braintree, 24 Apr. 1642, and with his first wife Martha was living in Watertown in 1673. He removed to Portsmouth, N. H., where he married a second wife, Isabel Cate. He was of Portsmouth, miller, on 8 Aug. 1682, when, with his wife Isabel, he gave a power of attorney to Samuel Reed of Mendon, impowering him to sell lands in Mendon; presumably referring to the lands recently received by the terms of his mother's will. He was of Newbury in 1684, and later of Sudbury. In that town are found the births of Sarah and Lydia, daughters of Joseph and Isabel, in 1699 and 1702 respectively. Since Mercy was born (according to her age at death) in 1697, her birth occurred before her father settled in Sudbury, and the record has not been found. Joseph's family next settled in Stow, where he owned a grist mill and closed his career.*

FAMILY RECORD, EDMUNDS MARBLE

EDMUND³ MARBLE (Joseph², John¹), born at Andover, Mass., 8 Jan. 1684/5, died probably at Stow. Mass., between 1756 and 1761; married at Concord, 24 Sept. 1714,† MERCY JEWELL, born about 1697, died at Conway, Mass., 28 Apr. 1789 aged 92, daughter of Joseph and Isabel (Cate) Jewell.

Savage: Genealogical Dictionary of New England, vol. 2, pp. 547, 548; Bond: History of Watertown, p. 310; New England H. and G. Register, vol. 22, pp. 43-46; Sudbury Vital Records, p. 82; Cate-Cates Family of New England, pp. 3, 4.

[†] The marriage is recorded in both Concord and Sudhury. See the biography of Edmund Marble in the preceding pages.

Children:*

- i. JAMES, b. at Sudbury, Mass., 8 July 1717; of Middleton, Mass., m. at Andover, Mass.; 17 Mar. 1742/3, Keziah Buck, of Andover.
- DOROTHY, b. 23 Sept. 1719; d. 11 Apr. 1760; m. (recorded at Westford, Mass., but she then resided in Andover) 28 June 1742, Moses Chandler, b. Aug. 1720, d. 16 Mar. 1800.
- +iii. NATHANIEL, b. about 1722.
 - Isabel, b. at Stow, Mass., 30 May 1728; m. at Westford, Mass., 3
 July 1754, Lemuel Perham, of Littleton, Mass.
 - v. Daniel, b. at Stow, Mass., 7 July 1730; d. in 1756, unmarried.§
 - vi. Abner, b. at Stow, Mass., 19 June 1740; probably settled in Petersham, Mass., and m. at Hardwick, Mass., 19 Apr. 1768, Zerviah Rice.

NATHANIEL* MARBLE

Born presumably in Sudbury, Mass., about 1722, no record of Nathaniel Marble's birth has been found. In 1743 he received from his father a gift of twenty acres in Stow, Mass., where the family was then living. An account of this was given in the chapter on his father, Edmund Marble.

Although we may infer that Nathaniel had attained his majority when he received this gift of land, and hence was born by 1722, he did not marry until 1756; at least, no record of a prior marriage has been found. He was married, 31 Mar. 1756, at Harvard, Mass., to Abigail Houghton of that town. Her ancestry contains much of interest, and may be seen in the charts. She was born at Harvard, 3 Apr. 1733, the daughter of Henry and Elizabeth

[•] In the absence of probate records, it is probable that Edmund² had more children than are proved by record. One was probably Ephraim⁴, some account of whom will be found after the account of Nathaniel⁴. Another son may have been Ellis, who m. at Stow, Mass. (intention 9 Mar. 1754), Ann Sprowl (perhaps née Davison, widow of John Sprowl). Another daughter may have been Emma Marble who m. 29 Dec. 1737 (recorded at Salem and Middleton) Abner Wilkins.

[†] Perhaps she m. (2) at Middleton, 19 July 1764, Joseph Hutchinson.

Chandler Gencalogy, p. 162.

[§] Daniel Marble of Stow appears in a muster roll dated Boston, 26 Feb. 1756, of a company in His Majesty's service under the command of Col. John Whitcomb; Private; residence, Stow; served until 21 Oct., nine weeks, six days; reported dead [Mass. Archives: Muster Rolls, vol. 94, p. 52].

Abner Marble of Stow served in the French and Indian War, 1759-61, two of the rolls naming Edmund Marble as his "Father or Master," he served one term under the noted Jeffrey Amherst [Mass. Archives: Muster Rolls, vol. 96, pp. 102, 480; vol. 97, pp. 112, 183, 346; vol. 98, pp. 17, 249]. Abner probably lived later in Huntstown (now Ashfield), Mass., and Bennington, Vt.

(Randall) Houghton, so was over a decade younger than he husband.*

Nathaniel and his wife settled in Stow following their marriage and remained there until after the death of his father. Feeling the call of the frontier, and perhaps in the hope of improving his material condition in one of the newer towns in western Massachu setts, he sold the land which his father had given him over sixteen years before. The deed reads in part as follows:†

Nathaniel Marble of Stow, yeoman, to Edward Jewet of Stow, Tanner for £44.13s.4d., land in Stow. A certain Tract Part of the Lot that was formerly Benjamin Bosworths by Estimation four acres also sixteen acres In Witness whereof I the said Nathaniel Marble and Abigail Marble my Wife and Marcy Marble my Mother have hereunto set our hands & Seals this thirty-first Day of January one thousand seven hundred & Sixty.

Witnesses Edwd Jewett Jung. Nathaniel Marble his Mark & Seal Abigail Marble her mark & Seal

Hannah Marble her mark

Acknowledged by Nathaniel Marble Aug. 6, 1762, at Worcester.

Because of the depreciation of colonial money at the close of the French and Indian War (1755-1762), it is difficult to figure the value, as regards purchasing power, of the money which Nathaniel received for his Stow property. It was at least the equivalent of several hundred dollars, and it would buy a large tract of land in Conway, where he soon settled, than in the olde settled town of Stow.

The deed is important because the description of the land sol tallies exactly with that which Nathaniel received by gift fror his father Edmund; and the mention of his wife Abigail, wh signed to convey her dower interest, and of his mother Mercy, wh apparently was expected to sign to convey any dower right sh might claim as the widow of Edmund, establishes his identity wit certainty.

Nathaniel had had one child, Aretas, recorded at Stow; an with his wife and mother and only child he now moved to Harvar

† Middlesex County Deeds, vol. 60, p. 227.

^{*} In asserting the identification of Abigail Houghton as above, weight has begiven to three considerations: first, that the age and place of residence of this Abig-were proper for the marriage to Nathaniel Marble; second, that no other eligit Abigail has been found; and third, that this Abigail had a brother named Arct Houghton, and that this rare name was given to the first Marble child.

Mass. This was Abigail's girlhood home and she had many relatives there. Possibly it was the original intention, when the Stow property was sold, to settle in Harvard; but more likely, the idea was to make an extended visit, as was the custom of old days, with various relatives of Mrs. Marble, before venturing further west. The right opportunity had perhaps not yet presented itself, and Nathaniel wished to take time to investigate and to make no mistake in the investment of his capital.

On 2 Dec. 1760, Nathaniel Marble, his wife Abigail, son Aretas, also Mercy Marble, all from Stow, were warned out of Harvard.*

It is proved by the records quoted above that the Marbles were not penniless by any means, and in fact were at this time awaiting a favorable chance to invest their small fortune. But the town of Harvard was taking no chances, and the scrupulous Selectmen were discharging their duty to the town in observing this technicality. For many years it had been the law that strangers entertained in any town for the space of three months, and not warned out, would be considered as inhabitants of such towns. Mr. Blake, in his introduction to the printed Worcester County Warnings, has this to say on the subject: "In some towns a large proportion of its inhabitants, many of whom became prominent citizens, appears in the list of persons warned; and the fact that a family was warned to leave town is not to be considered as indicating that they were paupers or even in indigent circumstances. It is true that some were in this condition, but very many were not."

Nathaniel and his family remained in Harvard for some time after receiving the official warning. Nearly two years later, in fact, in Aug. 1762 he acknowledged the sale of his Stow land, in Worcester. Another child, Abijah, was doubtless born during his sojourn in Harvard (1761), for though the birth was entered in Conway, the record specifically states that he was not born there. Just when he left Harvard, we do not know, but he was certainly in Deerfield, Mass., as early as 1767, and he bought land in Conway in 1768.

Deerfield was one of the earlier settlements in the Connecticut Valley. Conway, lying south-west of Deerfield, was a part of that township until 1767, when it became a separate town. On

^{*}Worcester County, Mass., Warnings, 1737-1788, with Introduction by Francis E. Blake, Worcester, 1899, p. 23. The printed copy reads "Arctas" instead of Arctas, probably a misreading.

15 Jan. 1767, Nathaniel had his three sons, Aretas, Abijah, an Nathaniel, baptized at the First Church in Deerfield. Anothe child, doubtless Ephraim, was baptized at Conway, 25 Oct. 1762 but entered in the Deerfield Church records, which indicates that

the Deerfield minister officiated at the baptism in Conway. Nathaniel is included among the first settlers of Conway.†

The petition of the inhabitants and owners of lands within that tract in the township of Deerfield which was called the South West Division, for this section to be set off as a separate town, was signed 12 Jan. 1767. Among the signatures appear the name Abra. (?) Marble and Nathaniel Marble. No Abraham Marble has been found who might have been in Deerfield in 1767, and the interrogation point indicates that the first name was difficult to

has been found who might have been in Deerfield in 1767, and the interrogation point indicates that the first name was difficult to read and that there was uncertainty as to the accuracy of the read ing. Quite probably, the signature was that of Nathaniel's brothe Abner, who was born in 1740, and the following year (1768) was married in Hardwick, Mass. Hardwick, though in Worcester County, is less than twenty-five miles south-east of Conway.

At a town meeting held 2 Mar. 1767, a committee of nine was appointed to confer and draw up a proper vote for the setting of of the South West part of Deerfield, and the following day the petition was granted, subject to certain conditions. With this consent, application to the Legislature was made at once, and or 17 June 1767 Gov. Francis Bernard signed the act which gave Conway a separate municipal existence.

On 4 Sept. 1768, Nathaniel Marble of Conway bought 115 acres in Conway from Thomas French of that town, for £33. The land was a part of lot #86 in the fourth range of lots. The deed was witnessed by Daniel Ward and Jaaz Howe.§

This was over eight years after Nathaniel sold his paternal acres in Stow for over £45. Presumably he had worked to support his family in the interim without cutting much if at all into his capital for he had at least £33 of it left in 1768, and with it he purchased 115 acres in a new and growing community. It must have cost him something in cash, besides his own labor, to equip his large

^{*} Decenicld Vital Records, p. 91.

[†] History of the Connecticut Valley, vol. 2, p. 672.

[‡] A History of Deerfield, by George Sheldon, Greenfield, Mass., 1896, vol. 1, pp. 583-

[§] Hampden County Registry, Springfield, vol. 11, p. 624,

farm and place it under cultivation. It will be seen, therefore, that by striking out for himself, he had decidedly bettered his fortunes. He was now over forty-five years old and had four growing boys, who would soon be old enough to help with the chores and the farm work.

On 23 Dec. 1773, Nathaniel Marble of Conway, yeoman, sold to Gideon Cooley, for £91.16s., part of lot #86 in Conway, formerly possest by Thomas French, to the extent of fifty acres. The deed was witnessed by Abel Densmore and James Sanderson.* Nathaniel signed, as always, with his mark. His wife never joined with him in any sales of his Conway land.

We must admire this remote ancestor for his shrewdness. Having sold his original twenty acres for something over £45, and waited eight years for a real bargain, he bought 115 acres for £33; and five years later, he sold less than half of his acreage for over £91. In place of the twenty acres at Stow, he now owned some sixty-five acres at Conway, not to mention a clear cash profit of over £100. This is not figuring the fluctuations in the value of money during that period, and it would be difficult to explain in modern dollars and cents just how much Nathaniel profited by these transactions; but of the fact that he profited very considerably, there can be no question.

The Gideon Cooley who purchased part of the Marble farm was a neighbor, who came to Conway from Sunderland. One of the witnesses to the deed was another neighbor, Capt. Abel Dinsmore, a very prominent citizen of Conway. He is the "Dunsmore" mentioned in the church record, soon to be quoted. It is possible that Nathaniel Marble's wife Abigail possessed a "sharp tongue," or at least could hold up her end in a neighborhood dispute, for under date of 29 Mar. 1775 we read:†

Brother Dunsmore being desired to offer the reason of his absenting [from the Communion], told the church it was on account of an offense he had received from Sister Marvel‡ with whom he could not yet sit down at the table of the Lord which however was not judged a sufficient reason to justify his absenting; and after some debate Brother Dunsmore acknowledged to the brethren that he was convinced he had been to blame and asked their forgiveness upon which the church voted to forgive the offense and restore him to their charety upon his returning to the Communion.

^{*} Hampden County Registry, Springfield, vol. 25, p. 620.

[†] Conway Church Records, p. 40.

[#] The name Marble was so misspelled in several records.

The second Monday in March 1775, Nathaniel was chosen in town meeting in Conway, "deerriff," but did not take the oath of office.

Nathaniel was considerably over fifty when the Revolutionary War broke out, which was old for active service, and he had besides a wife, five young children, and an aged mother, dependent on him. The patriotic sentiment of the family appears from the service rendered by the oldest boy, Aretas, who died in the army in July 1776, when just over seventeen years of age.* This must have been a great blow to the parents, and as the next oldest boy was but fifteen, while the youngest boy was not yet nine years old, the best service that Nathaniel could give his country was to till his fields and raise his family. The eldest daughter, who had received her mother's name, died in early childhood.

Nathaniel's mother lived to be ninety-two, and died at Conway on 28 Apr. 1789.† The older boys were now grown up and married, with families of their own. Nathaniel Marble, Jr., of Conway, husbandman, bought on 20 June 1787 from John Williams of Deerfield, 60¼ acres and 18 rods in Conway, being a part of lots #87 and #88.‡ The younger Nathaniel always signed his name.

On 3 Sept. 1791, Nathaniel Marble, Sr.. of Conway, yeoman, sold twelve acres in Conway to Nathaniel, Jr., for £12.§ On the same date, he sold for £200 to Ephraim Marble of Conway, 40 acres in the fourth range of lots from the west side of the District of Conway, being a part of lot #86.|| Both deeds were witnessed by Ira Whitney, and Ephraim Marble witnessed Nathaniel's deed, while Nathaniel witnessed Ephraim's deed. This was quite evidently a family arrangement, and the elder Nathaniel neglected to acknowledge the deeds until 12 Apr. 1794. Ephraim placed his on record 15 Oct. 1796, while Nathaniel waited until 9 July 1799.

These transactions may account for the fact that there is no probate record in Franklin County for Nathaniel Marble, Sr. The conveyances may have been acknowledged by him 12 Apr. 1794 in the belief that he had not long to live.

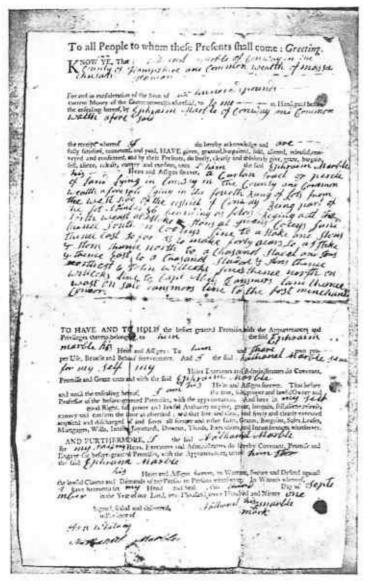
^{*} Conway Church Records.

[†] Conway Church Records.

[‡] Franklin County Registry, vol. 1, p. 8.

^{§ 1}b., vol. 12, p. 581.

^{11 1}b., vol. 9, p. 466. The original deed is still in possession of the family.



DEED FROM NATHANIEL' MARBLE TO HIS SON EPHRAIM¹ MARBLE (See page 110)

The two oldest graveyards in Conway have been visited without the discovery of a stone of the Marble family. This is not conclusive evidence that Nathaniel and Abigail did not die in Conway, for their stones may have crumbled or there may be small or family graveyards which were not visited. The presumption is that Abigail died before her husband, since there was no will, and no life use reserved for her in the conveyances to the sons. It is barely possible that they survived to move to New York State, but the probability is that they passed their last years in Conway.

Nathaniel Marble, Jr., of Conway, yeoman, for \$103.95, sold six acres in Conway, being part of lot #86, to Abel Dinsmore, Gentleman. The land was situated on the road from the Conway meetinghouse to Williamsburg, and the deed was signed 31 Aug. 1799, as was also a conveyance from Nathaniel, Jr., for \$500.00, to William Billings. The latter was for 42 acres, being a part of lot #85, bordering on a tract deeded by "my father" Nathaniel Marble.*

On 25 July 1801, Nathaniel Marble of Conway, yeoman, sold for \$1725.00 to William Billings, Jr., of Conway, Gentleman, part of lots #86, 87 and 88, in the fourth range from the west side of the town.†

That Nathaniel, Sr., was living 31 Aug. 1799, is proved by the above deeds; but since the younger Nathaniel conveyed on 25 July 1801 without using the "Jr." we may assume that his father had died before that date.

FAMILY RECORD, NATHANIEL MARBLE

NATHANIEL MARBLE (Edmund³, Joseph², John¹), born about 1722, died [perhaps at Conway, Mass., about 1800]; married at Harvard, Mass., 31 Mar. 1756, Abigail Houghton, born at Harvard, Mass., 3 Apr. 1733, died , daughter of Henry and Elizabeth (Randall) Houghton.

Children:

 ARETAS³, b. at Stow, Mass., 12 May 1759; bapt. at Deerfield, Mass., 15 Jan. 1767; d. in the army, July 1776 (Conway Church records).

^{*} Franklin County Registry, vol. 14, pp. 379, 439.

[†] Ib., vol. 16, p. 127.

- ABIJAH, b. (probably at Harvard, Mass.) 26 June 1761;* bapt. at Deerfield, Mass., 15 Jan. 1767; m. (published 13 Apr. 1786)
 MARGARET ANDREWS of Whately.
- NATHANIEL, b. about 1764; bapt. at Deerfield, Mass., 15 Jan. 1767;
 m. (1) (published 15 Jan. 1788) SARAH BIRD, b. about 1766, d. at Conway, Mass., 1 July 1795 ac. 29; m. (2) 21 Dec. 1796, MARY FAUNCE of Williamsburg.†
- +iv. Ephraim, b. at Conway, Mass., 9 Sept. 1767; bapt. at Conway, 25 Oct. 1767.‡
 - v, Abigail, b. at Conway, Mass., 31 July 1770; bapt. at Conway, 26 Aug. 1770; d. there 3 May 1774 ae. about 4.
 - vi. Relief, b. at Conway, Mass., 5 Oct. 1772; bapt. 18 Dec. 1774; d. young.
 - vii. Relief, b. at Conway, Mass., 5 Nov. 1775; d. 20 Feb. 1849; m. (intention 3 Oct. 1793) Elijah Warner, b. at Springfield, Mass., 25 Feb. 1770, d. 10 Apr. 1841; they settled in Phelps, Ontario County, N. Y., and had seven children.§

Note

The name Ephraim is common in more than one branch of the Marble family, and was particularly common in the branch that lived in Cohasset and Scituate, Mass. One Ephraim Marble or Marable was married in Bridgewater, Mass., 8 Feb. 1705. to Susanna Burnham. An Ephraim Marble was among the early settlers of Huntstown (now Ashfield), Hampden County, Mass. He was there in 1760, when he was chosen Clerk. Because of his settling in Hampden County, and in view of the fact that our Nathaniel named a son Ephraim, it was thought at first that this Ephraim at Huntstown might be closely related to our branch. No proof of such relationship has been found, and this Ephraim apparently did not remain long in Hampden County. An Ephraim Marble and Sampson Marble, perhaps brothers, served with Vermont and New York State troops in the Revolution. This was the same Ephraim who was a pensioner in Onondaga County, N. Y., in 1820; he was born about 1758, and served with Massachusetts troops, ten months in Capt. Sloan's Co., Col. Patterson's Regt., as well as six weeks in Capt. Ashley's Co., same Regt.; in

[&]quot;Not in Conway" is stated of this birth, which was recorded at Conway.

[†] Admitted to Conway Church from the church in Williamsburg, 30 Oct. 1796.

^{\$} Baptism entered in Deerfield Church records, which omit his name.

[§] See The Descendants of Andrew Warner, p. 314. One of their sons was named Houghton Warner.

1820 he had a wife Hannah, aged 56, a daughter Rachel, aged 15, and a son Jonas, aged 11.*

The Ephraim who was at Huntstown (Ashfield), Mass., in 1760 was the same Ephraim who earlier lived in Sunderland, Mass., where his wife Hannah died 10 Mar. 1743, and he had a (second?) wife Martha, by whom he had a son John.† He removed to Bennington, Vt., and it is not unlikely that he was father of the Revolutionary Ephraim and Sampson, above mentioned. There are circumstantial reasons for believing this Ephraim to have been a son of Edmund³, a brother of Nathaniel⁴, and an uncle of our Ephraim⁵. It is to be noted that Abner⁴ Marble, a known brother of Nathaniel⁴, was in Bennington in 1767.‡

EPHRAIMS MARBLE

Born at Conway, Mass., 9 Sept. 1767, Ephraim Marble was a child of eight when the Revolutionary War broke out, and was still under sixteen years at the declaration of peace. In 1776 his eldest brother died as a soldier in the patriotic army. During these hard years of war, Ephraim doubtless remained on his father's farm in Conway.

His marriage to Anna Dunham of Williamsburg, Mass., was published 4 May 1789, and took place soon after. She was daughter of Hezekiah and Jane (Stewart) Dunham of Edgartown on Martha's Vineyard, where she was born 14 June 1767, and removed with her parents in early girlhood to Williamsburg. Her father, and her grandfather Daniel Stewart, were soldiers in the French and Indian War. She was descended from many of the early families of the Vineyard, a fact which gave rise to the tradition among her descendants that the Marble family was of Vineyard origin.

Hezekiah Dunham of "Edgertown" bought from Elihu White of Hatfield, lot #25 laid out to Dea. John White's heirs in that

^{*} This Ephraim and Sampson Marble resided in Vermont during the Revolutionary War, though they served part of the time with New York State troops. See: Archives of the State of New York—The Revolution, Albany, 1887, p. 536; New York in the Revolution, Albany, 1898, pp. 35, 95; Vermont Revolutionary Rolls, pp. 27, 50, 130, 136, 138, 185, 221, 326, 393, 488, 579, 829. A family record of this Ephraim Marble was printed in The American Genealogist, vol. 1, p. 42.

[†] History of Sunderland, Mass., by John Montague Smith, 1899, p. 443.

^{\$} Memorials of a Century in Bennington, Vt., by Isaac Jennings, 1867, p. 407.

tract in Williamsburg called Hatfield, in the three-mile additional grant, in the southern half, being 28 acres, on 12 Sept. 1774.* Hezekiah later (4 Apr. 1788) purchased land bounded on his own land, and was then called of Williamsburg.†

In 1791 Ephraim received a deed from his father for 40 acres in Conway which were a part of the paternal homestead. The original of this deed, which was not recorded until 1796, is still in possession of the family.

About 1797 the family removed to Phelps, Ontario County, N. Y.; and the younger children were born there. Phelps is some twenty miles south of Sodus, in Wayne County, where Ephraim's son Levi married and lived for a time. His son Thomas remained in Phelps, but in 1833 joined the family in Bedford, Ohio, perhaps being drawn there by his mother's death and his father's failing health.

Just when Ephraim and other members of the family settled in Bedford, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, we have not learned. A daughter was married in Phelps in 1819, and the removal probably took place at some time between 1820 and 1830. According to Mr. Converse Marble, Ephraim had a cooper shop near Cleveland, and died of the cholera during the epidemic of 1832. But he did not die until 1835, as appears by the probation of his will, a full copy of which follows.

Less than three years before his death, he had married a second time, his bride being a widow, Mrs. Betsey Wood. His first wife, Anna Dunham, probably died in Bedford not long before 1832, as Ephraim's will directed that a gravestone be set up to her memory. If this provision was carried out, the stone must have been broken when the graveyard was moved from its old location to the present one, for no stone exists to-day either for her or for Ephraim.

The biography of a grandson, published in 1891, is authority for the statement that Ephraim's trade was chair making, and that a chair of his manufacture, then seventy years old, was in 1891 in possession of his grandson, Hon. George Wait of Grant Township, Lake County, Ill.; also that he was a member of the Baptist Church, and a strong Democrat in politics.‡

^{*} Hampden County Registry (Springfield), vol. 12, p. 734.

[†] Hampshire County Registry, vol. 2, p. 178.

[†] Portrait Biographical Album of Lake County, Ill., published by Lake City Publishing Co., Chicago, 1891, p. 549.

I, Ephraim Marble of the county of Cuyahoga in the State of Ohio do make and publish this my last will and testament in manner and form following that is to say.

First: It is my will that my funeral expences and all my just debts be paid. Second: I give, devise and bequeath to my first beloved wife, Anna Marble a good and respecable grave stone to be erected to her memory out of the expence of my property.

Thirdly: I give and devise to my second wife One hundred dollars and one Milch cow and go back to Henry Wood to live or to stay with my son Thomas Marble if she chooses, but I would choose to have her to stay with my son Thomas.

Fourthly: I bequeath to my son Thomas Fifty acres off of No. Lot No. 14 in the town of Bedford of off the West side and that my son Thomas shall pay the balance due on said lot out of moneys due me. It is my will that the remainder of said lot be sold and the proceeds of the sail be equally divided amongst my daughter in the following manner viz; that my daughter Fanny who has had one hundred dollars to apply towards her shair of an equal distribution of the proceds of said sail lot, that all notes and accounts which I hold against my sons are to be given upt and also do hereby appoint my son Thomas Marble my true and lawful executor.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto caused my name and seal this day in the year of our Lord August the twenty-sixth 1834.

Ephraim Marble (SEAL) By Elijah Smith.

Signed published and declaird by the above named Ephraim Marble as and for his last will and testament, in presence of us who at his request have signed as witness to the same.

John P. Robison. William Morse.

The will was proved 17 Mar. 1835 and is filed in Docket A of the Cuyahoga County Probate Court. On 20 Apr. 1835, Levi Marble was appointed Administrator with the will annexed. (The son Thomas, named as Executor, had just died.) Curtis Wells and Newell C. Barnum were sureties on Levi's bond, and the appraisers appointed were Hezekiah Dunham, George M. Payne, and William Morse. On 9 June Henry Wood was accepted as a bondsman in place of Barnum; and D. Benedict was appointed an appraiser in place of Dunham.

The inventory was filed 7 Aug. and included notes against Hezekiah Dunham, Ethan Wait, and Robert Trowbridge. Part of the estate was ordered sold to the highest bidder for payment of debts, and among the purchasers were Catherine Marble and Orrin Marble.

FAMILY RECORD, EPHRAIMS MARBLE

EPHRAIM⁵ MARBLE (Nathaniel⁴, Edmund³, Joseph², John¹), born at Conway, Mass., 9 Sept. 1767, died at Bedford, Ohio, in 1835; married first (published at Conway, 4 May 1789), Anna Dunham of Williamsburg, Mass., born at Edgartown, Mass., 14 June 1767, died ———, daughter of Hezekiah and Jane (Stewart) Dunham; married second, at Bedford, Ohio, 3 July 1832, Betsey Wood of Bedford.*

. Children, all by the first wife:

- +i. Levi, b. at Williamsburg, Mass., 10 May 1790.‡
- ii. Solomon, b. 20 Feb. 1796 (Bible record); d. at Waukegan, Ill., 12 Mar. 1879 ae. 83 (gravestone) or 13 Mar. 1879 (Bible record). He was married four times. His third wife, MARY, d. at Waukegan, 3 Aug. 1845 ae. 46 (gravestone).§ He m. fourth, May 1845, CATHERINE CONVERSE, b. 1 Aug. 1813, d. 18 May 1883. She probably m. (2) as Catherine B. Marble, aged 66, in Lake County, Ill., 9 Mar. 1880, Hiram Fox. Solomon lived in Ohio for a time, but in 1839 moved to Lake County, Ill., traveling with covered wagon from Cleveland. He brought ten sheep on foot, and three horses, among the first horses to be brought to Lake County. Getting stuck in the mud on the site now occupied by Chicago, he said he would not locate there if they gave him the land, it was a mud hole. Solomon suffered an infection of the leg in early life, which left him lame and incapacitated him for hard work. He raised peppermint and extracted the oil and sold it; having secured a competence thus, he bought a large acreage in Lake County. He always wore a high plug hat and white shirt and collar, unusual for that period and in a wild new country. By one of his earlier marriages he had daughters,-Alice, m. 20 June 1838, Gilbert Granger, and d.

^{*} Quite evidently she was a widow, with a son Henry Wood.

[†] There were twelve children, of whom we have certainly identified only six. Three other possible children were: Susanna, m. in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, 27 Mar. 1836, Daniel Wild; Welcome, m. at Bedford, Ohio, 1 Jan. 1836, Lorena Ellsworth; and Rachel, m. at Bedford, 12 May 1834, Robert Logan; but because of the fact that another branch of the Marble family lived in Bedford, the paternity of these three is far from certain.

[‡] His gravestone record, a statement regarding his age in a letter written by his daughter in 1878, and a newspaper obituary, all agree in making him born 10 May 1789. However, the contemporary record of the marriage intention of his parents was dated 4 May 1789, and it is almost certain that he miscalculated his age,—a common occurrence in days when families were moving from one pioneer settlement to another and neglected to keep written records.

[§] The age on the stone was read as 16, an obvious misreading for 46. Perhaps the year of death was also misread; otherwise, the Bible record errs as to the date of the next marriage.



LEVI MARBLE (1790-1874)

at Waukegan, Ill., 7 Aug. 1847; Cynthia, who m. in Lake County, Ill., 28 Jan. 1845, Lorenzo Wilson; and Sabina, who m. in Lake County, Ill., 16 Dec. 1847, James B. Brown and in 1878 was the only child living who had come from Ohio with Solomon. By his fourth wife, he had two daughters,—Caroline, b. 5 Mar. 1849, m. 30 Nov. 1867, Erastus T. Cleveland and lived in Lake Villa, Ill., and Mary H., b. 7 July 1852, m. 5 Mar. 1873, Marshall B. Huson; and a son, the late Converse Marble.*

- iii. Thomas, b. June 1798; d. at Bedford, Ohio, 2 Apr. 1835 ae. 36 yrs. 10 mos. (gravestone); came from Phelps, N. Y., to Bedford in 1833; m. Catherine Winfield, b. 20 July 1800, d. 7 July 1891 ae. 90 yrs. 11 mos. 17 days (gravestone); she m. (2) Thomas Burgess, by whom she had four children. Children:
 - Levi, b. 7 Aug. 1820; d. at Bedford, 11 July 1889; m. at Bedford, 25 Dec. 1844, Mary Amanda Richardson, b. in 1826, d. in 1890, daughter of Godfrey and Anna (Taylor) Richardson. Children:
 - A. Charles Bliss, b. 18 Feb. 1846; d. 22 July 1908; m. 17 Sept. 1873, Alice L. Gray.
 - B. Frank D., b. 24 Sept. 1848; d. 21 July 1930; m. 22 Feb. 1870, Rose R. Heath.
 - C. Brazilla L., b. 6 Feb. 1851; d. 3 Jan. 1932.
 - D. Fred O., b. 6 Oct. 1853; d. 23 Jan. 1854.
 - Thomas W., b. [say 1821]; lived in Paw Paw, Ill., and d. abt. 1896; m. at Bedford, 28 Oct. 1845, Susannah B. Lemoin.
 - Lucinda, b. [say 1823]; m. at Bedford, 11 Mar. 1841, Chauncev Palmer.
 - Phebe, b. [say 1825]; m. at Bedford, 22 June 1843, James Terrell.
 - Asenath, b. [say 1827]; m. at Bedford, 28 Oct. 1845, Joseph Turney; he was State Treasurer of Ohio, and known in political circles as "Honest Joe."
 - Serephna, b. [say 1830]; living in 1896 in Dry Town, Calif.; m. at Bedford, 11 Apr. 1850, Elezer D. Lemoin.
- iv. Fanny, b. 20 Mar. 1801, d. 15 May 1849; m. in 1815 or early in 1816, Peter Westbrook, b. 30 Sept. 1797. Children:†
 - 1. Amanda, b. 25 Dec. 1816.
 - Ephraim, b. 22 June 1820.
 - 3. Benjamin, b. 9 July 1822.
 - 4. Henry H., b. 17 Jan. 1826; d. in infancy.
 - 5. Solomon, b. 26 July 1831; d. in infancy.

^{*} Converse Marble, b. in Avon Township, Lake County, Ill., 2 Nov. 1847, d. at Sheboygan, Wis., 28 or 29 Dec. 1926; m. 3 Oct. 1870, Arabella King, a granddaughter of Levi Marble.

[†] The record of the Westbrook children was furnished by Mr. H. A. Westbrook of Manton, Mich.

- 6. William, b. 10 Oct. 1833; d. in infancy.
- 7. Ethan, b. 29 Mar. 1837.
- 8. William Thomas, b. 25 Aug. 1840.
- v. Amanda, b. at Phelps, Ontario County, N. Y., 12 Feb. 1804; d. at Monaville, Ill., 8 Jan. 1893; m. at Phelps, 13 Nov. 1819, Ethan Wait, b. at Ashfield, Franklin County, Mass., 23 May 1800, d. in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, in 1844.* Her obituary notice is printed below. Children.†
 - Horace, b. in Franklin County, Mass., 21 Apr. 1821; living in 1893 at Elgin, Kans.; m. at Cleveland, Ohio, 24 Apr. 1841, Clarissa Ann Smith.
 - Philander, b. at Phelps, N. Y., 22 Dec. 1822; d. there 22 Feb. 1823.
 - Jerusha, b. at Phelps, 10 Jan. 1824; living in 1893 at Boscobel, Wis.; m. at Orange, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, 14 July 1842, Addison R. Butler.
 - Louisa, b. at Phelps, 5 Dec. 1825; d. in 1892; m. at Cleveland, Ohio, 8 May 1844, J. A. Gleason; resided in Chicago, Ill.
 - Geraldine, b. at Phelps, 2 Dec. 1827; living in 1893 at Gurnee, Ill.; m. at Waukegan, Ill., 4 July 1860, Clayton Owens.
 - John, b. at Arcadia, Wayne County, N. Y., 7 Mar. 1830;
 living in 1893 at Chagrin Falls, Ohio; m. at Chagrin Falls, 4 July 1852, —————.
 - Lorenzo, b. in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, 11 Mar. 1832; d. at Gotham, Wis., 14 July 1921; m. at Forksville, Ill., 12 Oct., 1856, ————.
 - Levi, b. at Orange, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, 9 Feb. 1834;
 d. at Ingleside, Ill., 11 Feb. 1922.
 - Amanda, b. at Orange, 17 Aug. 1836; living in 1893 at Gurnee, Ill.; m. ——— Dilley.
 - Lucinda, twin with Amanda, b. at Orange, 17 Aug. 1836;
 d. at Goodale, Lake County, Ill., 8 Dec. 1855; m. at Bedford, Ohio, 19 Nov. 1854, ——— Smith.
 - Charles, b. at Orange, 5 Dec. 1838; d. at Hainesville, Ill., 24 Feb, 1915.
 - George, b. at Orange, 8 Sept. 1840; d. in Grant Township,
 Ill., 1 July 1903; m. 24 Jan. 1866, Kate Hart, b. in
 Ireland, dau. of John and Mary (Lynch) Hart.
 - Sarah, b. at Orange, 12 July 1842; living in 1893 at Chicago, Ill.; m. —— Hamilton.
- vi. Ann, m. William Lozier. Children:‡

^{*} But according to a biography of his son George, Ethan Wait started for California in 1849, and was never heard from again.

[†]The record of the Wait children is mainly from an account furnished by Mr. Douglas Wait.

[‡] As stated by a niece.

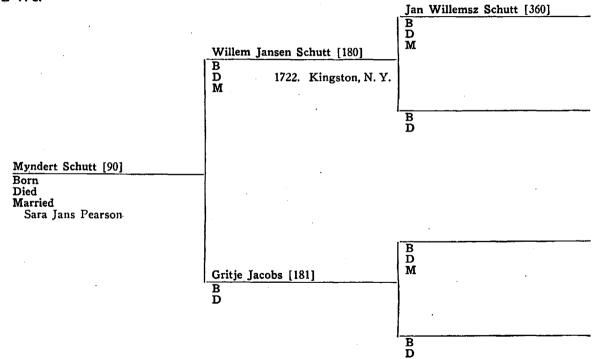
D 6 Jan. 1850. Jov. N. Y.

NOTES AND AUTHORITIES

- No. 1. Family knowledge.
- No. 2. Family knowledge.
- No. 3. Family knowledge.
- No. 4. Bible records.
- No. 5. Bible records.
- No. 6. Bible records.
- No. 7. Granger Genealogy, pp. 148, 257. Waukegan (III.) Gazette, issue of 31 Aug. 1878.

No. 10. Born in Friesland, Holland, he came to America as a young man. Dates furnished by his son; another source states his age at death as 85, which would make him born in 1758. His ancestry abroad has not been traced; therefore, no Table IV is given in this book, that number being reserved for his ancestry if ever found.

TABLE V.C.



NOTES AND AUTHORITIES

No. 90. Anjou: Ulster County Wills, p. 102. N. Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, vol. 39, p. 39.

Nos. 180 and 181. Anjou: Ulster County Wills, p. 102. Van Rensselaer Bowier Manuscripts, pub. N. Y. State Library, 1908, p. 836. N. Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, vol. 21, p. 171; vol. 39, p. 39. Collections on the History of Albany, vol. 3, pp. 37, 70. He was called "Dommelaer" (the dozer). In 1668 he had relatives in Amsterdam, Holland.

No. 360. Van Rensselaer Bowier Manuscripts, pub. N. Y. State Library, 1908, p. 836. He was a cooper, in this country by 1646, and appeared at Beverwyck 1657.

Mehitabel Crane [103]

D

B 31 Mar. 1665. Marlborough, Mass. VI. H.

HI ME

NOTES AND AUTHORITIES

No. 12. See the account of the Marble family for references.

No. 24. See the account of the Marble family for references.

No. 25. Harvard Vital Records.

Nos. 48 and 49. See the account of the Marble family for references.

Nos. 50 and 51. Harvard Vital Records. Lancaster Vital Records. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 79, p. 395.

TABLE VI. A.

Joseph Marble [96]
Born abt. 1650.
Died 2 Aug. 1728. Marlborough, Mass.
Married 30 May 1671. Andover, Mass.
Mary Faulkner.

Judith — [193]
B
D

John Marble [192]

B in or after 1605.
D Oct. 1695. Cambridge, Mass.
M

NOTES AND AUTHORITIES

Nos. 96, 192, 193. See the account of the Marble family for references.

TABLE VI. B.

Edmund Faulkner [194]

B
D 18 Jan. 1686/7. Andover, Mass.
M 4 Feb. 1647/8. Andover, Mass.

Mary Faulkner [97]

Born abt. 1649. Died Married 30 May 1671. Andover, Mass. Joseph Marble

Dorothy (----) Robinson [195]

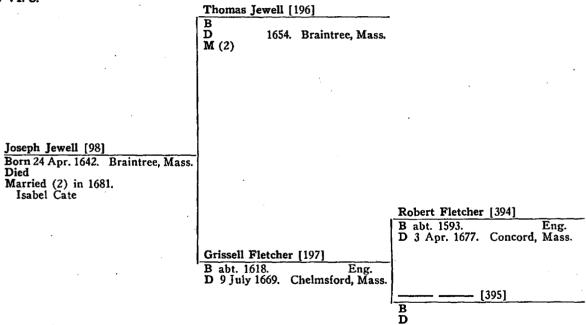
B D 2 Dec. 1668. Andover, Mass.

Last Horse

No. 97. Andover Vital Records.

No. 194. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 39, pp. 70, 71; vol. 45, p. 188. He was from King's Clear, co. Hampshire, Eng., brother of Francis Fawknor of that place, gent.

TABLE VI. C.



- No. 98. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 3, p. 127; vol. 22, pp. 43-46. On 5 June 1681, Joseph Jewel of Portsmouth, N. H., father of Martha and Joseph by his late wife Martha, made an antenuptial agreement with Isabel Cate; and on 13 Feb. 1692/3, Joseph Jewell, late of Portsmouth, now of Sudbury, Mass., with Isabell his wife, sold land in Portsmouth [New Hampshire Deeds, original records, which we obtained through the courtesy of Mr. M. Ray Sanborn of Yale Library].
- No. 196. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 22, pp. 43-46; vol. 5, p. 304. His first wife, mother of his son, Thomas, Jr., is unknown. His will dated 10 Apr. 1654, proved 21 July 1654.
- No. 197. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 22, pp. 43-46. Grissell m. (2) at Braintree, Mass., 1 Nov. 1655, Humphrey Griggs, who d. in 1657; m. (3) at Dorchester, Mass., 8 Oct. 1657, Henry Kibby, who d. at Dorchester, 10 Aug. 1661; m. (4) at Braintree, 12 Nov. 1661, John Gurney, Sr., who d. in 1662-63; m. (5) at Chelmsford, 3 July 1667, John Burge, who d. at Dorchester, 22 Oct. 1678. [For the full record of Grissell we are indebted to Mrs. Mary Lovering Holman and Miss Winifred Lovering Holman, of Watertown, Mass., for permission to use data which will appear in more extended form in a volume which Mrs. Holman has prepared for publication.]
- No. 394. Savage: Gen. Dict., vol. 2, p. 173. He was Constable of Concord, Mass., 1637.

TABLE VI.D.

•	James Cate [198]							
	B D 15 May 1677. M	Portsmouth, N. H.						
i								
_								
•								

Isabel Cate [99]
Born
Died
Married in 1681.
Joseph Jewell.

В

D

No. 99. The Cate-Cates Family of New England, by E. E. Cates and M. Ray Sanborn, 1904, pp. 3, 4. New Eng. H. and G. Register, vol. 22, p. 46.

Nos. 198 and 199. The Cate-Cates Family of New England, pp. 3-4. New Hampshire State Papers, vol. 31, pp. 201-203.

Although the Cate book as cited states that Isabel was daughter of James, his will does not name her, and one of the co-authors of the Cate book informs us that his original manuscript gave Isabel as "probably" daughter of James Cate.

Henry Houghton [100]

MATERIAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

Mass.

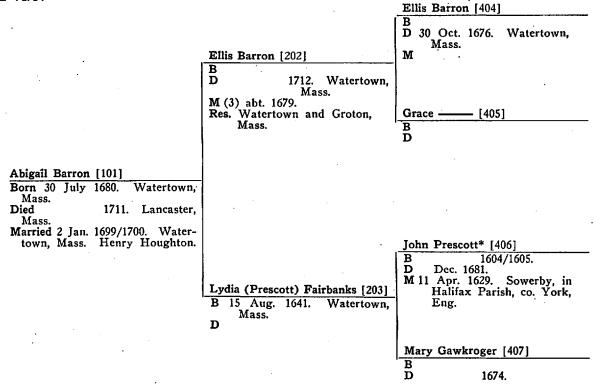
Mass.

Barron.

John Houghton [800] Bapt. 19 May 1593. Eaton Bray, co. Bedford, Eng. John Houghton [400] D B abt. 1624. $\tilde{\mathbf{M}}$ D 29 Apr. 1684. Lancaster, Mass. B M John Houghton* [200] B abt. 1650. D 3 Feb. 1736/7. Lancaster, Mass. B M 22 Jan. 1671/2. Lancaster, Mass. M Born 23 Feb. 1676. Woburn, Died 17 Dec. 1756. Bolton, Married (1) 2 Jan. 1699/1700. Jacob Farrar* [402] Watertown, Mass. Abigail D 14 Aug. 1677. Woburn, Mass. M abt. 1640. Mary Farrar [201] B abt. 1648. D 7 (or 9) Apr. 1724. Lancaster, Mass.

- No. 100. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 79, p. 395. He m. (2) Anna —, b. about 1681, d. 14 Feb. 1747/8.
- No. 200. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 79, p. 394. Lowell: Munsey-Hopkins Genealogy, pp. 113, 114.
- No. 201. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 79, p. 394; vol. 6, p. 321. Munsey-Hopkins Genealogy, pp. 95-96.
- No. 400. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 79, pp. 393-394. Houghton Genealogy. Munsey-Hopkins Genealogy, p. 112.
- No. 402. Woburn Vital Records, part 2, p. 65. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 6, pp. 320-321. Munsey-Hopkins Genealogy, pp. 95-96.
- No. 800. Positive proof is lacking that he was father of No. 400. He came in Abigail 1635 aged 40, say some authorities, though the original shipping list states the age of the 1635 immigrant as 4, not 40.

TABLE VI.F.



- No. 101. Bond: Watertown, pp. 17, 676. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 79, p. 395. Watertown Vital Records, p. 48.
 Born 30 May 1680, by printed Watertown Births, Marriages and Deaths, vol. 1, p. 89.
- No. 202. Bond: Watertown, pp. 17, 676. Watertown Town Proceedings, vol. 3, p. 3. Ellis was chosen a tithing man, 26 Jan. 1680. One Ellis Barron served in King Philip's War, most probably Ellis, b. 1655, eldest son of Ellis (No. 202) by his first wife.
- No. 203. The Prescott Memorial, p. 42. Fairbanks Genealogy. DePew Genealogy. Bond: Watertown, p. 407.
 Wheeler Family of Rutland, Mass. Munsey-Hopkins Genealogy, pp. 148-150. Lydia Prescott m. (1) 28
 May 1658, Jonas Fairbank, who was killed by the Indians, 10 Feb. 1676.
- Nos. 404 and 405. Bond: Watertown, pp. 17, 676. Watertown Town Proceedings, vol. 2, pp. 94, 148, 177. Ellis, Sr., was chosen Constable, 4 Nov. 1657, and Selectman, 4 Nov. 1672; Ellis (whether Sr. or Jr. not stated) was chosen Selectman, 4 Nov. 1667.
- Nos. 406 and 407. The Prescott Memorial, pp. 34, 37 ff. White Family Quarterly, vol. 3, pp. 80-83, 104-108, but see also vol. 2, pp. 40-44, 69-71. John Prescott is said to have been son of Ralph, and grandson of Roger, of Shevington in Standish Parish, co. Lancaster, but the identity does not seem to have been positively established. Mary Gawkroger seems to have been daughter of James Gawkroger of Sowerby, Yorkshire, clothier (will proved 6 Oct. 1628) by his wife Martha. There is some evidence that this family was known as Gawkroger alias Platt (or Platts).

Mass.

(She m. (3) Thomas Lowe)

- No. 102. Bond: Watertown, pp. 409-410. Watertown Town Proceedings, vol. 3, p. 16. He was chosen a tything man, Mar. 1682/3.
- No. 204. Bond: Watertown, pp. 409-410. Watertown Town Proceedings, vol. 2, pp. 148, 172, 205; vol. 3, p. 5. Randall's Poems of Nature and Life, pp. 39-40. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 56, p. 380. He was overseer of cattle and fences, 4 Nov. 1667, and surveyor, 6 Nov. 1671, and was evidently the "corprall Randall" mentioned in 1672 and the "Sargant Randall" mentioned in 1679.
- No. 205. Kimball Genealogy, vol. 1, p. 18. The surname was spelled Kemball in the early generations.

No. 409. Watertown records.

Nos. 410 and 411. Kimball Genealogy, vol. 1, pp. 17-18. Bond: Watertown, pp. 323, 815. The inventory of Henry's estate was taken 22 July 1648.

TABLE VI. H.

Prince.

Benjamin Crane [206] D (living 1694).
M 12 Sept. 1656. Medfield, Mass.
Res Medfield, Marlborough, Sudbury and Stow, Mass. John Breck [414] D 3 Jan. 1660. Sherborn, Mass. M Eleanor Breck [207] D (living 1694).

Mehitabel Crane [103]

Born 31 Mar. 1665. Marlborough,
Mass.
Died
Married
Stephen Randall.

191

No. 103. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 56, p. 380. Marlborough Vital Records, p. 59.

No. 206. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 56, p. 380. Medfield Vital Records. Bodge, Soldiers in King Philip's War, pp. 224, 225. He was one of the Sudbury men who suffered loss from the Indian raid, 21 Apr. 1676, during King Philip's War.

No. 207. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 56, p. 380.

No. 414. New Eng. H. & G. Register, vol. 56, p. 380.

VII. G.

Sarah Martin [111] B abt. 1686.

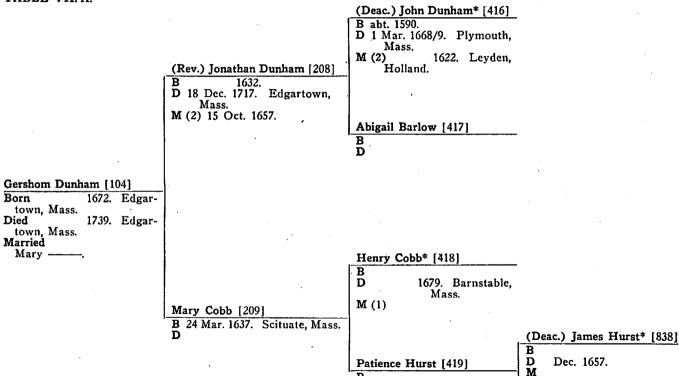
- No. 26. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 159. Dunham Gencalogy, p. 137.
- No. 27. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, pp. 159, 460. Dunham Genealogy, p. 137. Stewart Clan Magazine, vol. 2, p. 62.

No. 13. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 160. Dunbam Genealogy, p. 137. Conway, Mass., Vital

- No. 52. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 157. Dunham Genealogy, pp. 135, 136, 137.
- No. 53. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, pp. 157, 485.

Records (original).

- No. 54. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 460. Stewart Clan Magazine, vol. 2, p. 62,
- No. 55. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, pp. 460, 486. Stewart Clan Magazine, vol. 2, p. 62.
- No. 105. The undependable Dunham Genealogy calls her Mary Clark of Nantucket.
- No. 110. Son of Thomas Vincent (106) and Sarah Post (107).



Bur. 4 May 1648.

Mass.

Barnstable,

No. 104. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 154. Dunham Genealogy, p. 134.

No. 208. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 153; vol. 2, p. 151. Dunham Genealogy, pp. 78, 79.

No. 209. Scituate Vital Records, vol. 1, p. 85.

No. 416. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, pp. 152, 153. Shurtleff's Plymouth Colony Records, vol. 5, p. 22. The Mayflower Descendant, vol. 17, p. 113. His first wife was Susan Kenney. Administration on his estate was granted to his widow Abigail, 1 June 1669.

No. 417. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 153. She was daughter of Thomas and Anna Barlow.

No. 418. Savage: Gen. Dict., vol. 1, p. 413. He m. (2) at Barnstable, 12 Dec. 1649, Sarah Hinkley.

No. 419. The Mayflower Descendant, vol. 3, p. 73.

No. 838. Savage: Gen. Dict., vol. 2, p. 506.

TABLE VII. B.

William Vincent [212] B abt. 1626. D (bef. 14 July) 1697. town, Mass. Edgar-M

Thomas Vincent, Sr. [106] Born 15 Sept. 1656. Died (bef. 4 Mar.) 1739/40. Edgartown, Mass. Married abt. 1676. Sarah Post.

M

B abt. 1636. 1722. Edgartown, Mass.

Mary Collier [427]

Malachi Browning [426]

D 7 Sept. 1672. Edgartown, Mass.

D 27 Nov. 1653. Boston, Mass.

Susannah Browning [213]

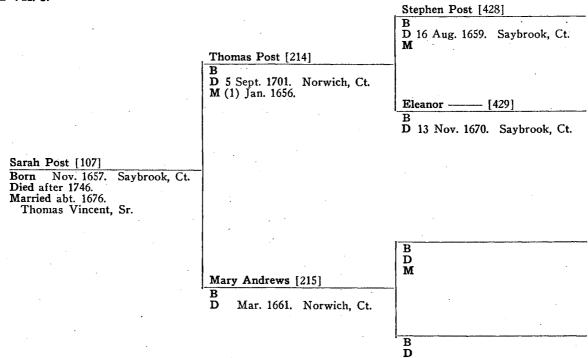
No. 106. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 485; vol. 2, pp. 115, 116.

No. 212. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 2, pp. 115, 116. His will, made 10 May 1690, proved 14 July 1697.

No. 213. Banks: History of Martha Vineyard, vol. 2, p. 116. Her will, made 2 Apr. 1720, proved 10 May 1722.

Nos. 426 and 427. New Eng. H. and G. Register, vol. 10, p. 217. Bond's Watertown, p. 147, states the year of death erroneously as 1658. The Browning Genealogy, by Edward Franklin Browning, 1908, p. 369, states the month of death erroneously as Sept., and that Malachi never married. But see Banks' History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 2, Annals of Edgartown, pp. 46-48, 116. Malachi was son of William and Dorothy (Vernon) Browning of Maldon, co. Essex, Eng. Mary was sister of Joseph Collier of London.

TABLE VII. C.



No. 107. Norwich, Ct., Vital Records, vol. 1, p. 21.

No. 214. Caulkins: History of Norwich, 1866, p. 196. He m. (2) 2 Sept. 1663, Rebecca Bruen.

No. 215. Norwich, Ct., Vital Records, vol. 1, p. 21. Caulkins: History of Norwich, 1866, p. 196.

Manwaring: Digest, Hartford Probate Records, vol. 1, p. 144. Savage: Gen. Dict., vol. 3, p. 465. Caulkins: History of Norwich, 1866, p. 194.

TABLE VII.D.

John Stewart [108]

Born abt. 1670.

Died (bef. 13 July) 1736. Edgartown,

Mass.

Married

Margaret ———.

Daniel Stewart [216]

B
D (bef. 4 Aug.) 1703. Edgartown, Mass.
M

Mary — [217]

B D after 1702.

No. 108. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, pp. 459, 460. Stewart Clan Magazine, vol. 2, p. 61.

No. 216. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 459. Stewart Clan Magazine, vol. 1, p. 10.

TABLE VII. G.

(?) George Martin [222] $\bar{\mathbf{D}}$ Res Martha's Vineyard, 1681; Newport, R. I., 1690.

Sarah Martin [111]

Born abt. 1686.
Died Jan. 1779. Edgartown, Mass.
Married 1 Jan. 1709/10. Edgartown, Mass.
Thomas Vincent, Jr.

(?) Abigail -- [223]

No. 111. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 3, p. 486.

No. 222. Banks: History of Martha's Vineyard, vol. 2, p. 127.

So of his the block of the grant of the same of the sa

FACSIMILE OF LETTER WRITTEN MARCH 4, 1878 BY ELIZABETH E. (MARBLE) BOTSFORD TO EPHRALM WESTBOOK

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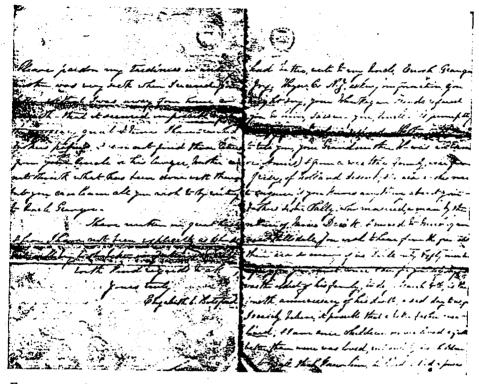
I to it owners to that I bell to the hound in the de sinte it in the four half a well thilly mine which ratered at beauthall you 12 - 6/2 2 mg - 4 - 1/2 Jun Ball Bank & the little Send had the fact the the the said waste to a by mother to the the the money was in hard at their gran, while a factor men) ment her wheat tolder on hat the not remember for her ments, had the holding is so he seems girle the she that which

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FACSIMILE OF LETTER WRITTEN MARCH 4, 1878 BY ELIZABETH E. (MARBLE) BOTSFORD TO EPHRAIM WESTBROOK

(Page 8)

(Page 5)

Charling he would have been 89. the titley hapliness, of not Inon died right a lin neigh how hother till is with my hills fullen years you have men hand this life energy day will be the last of some children some a veglit whilden, they are administ one butt 31 years age ful going as may of the must of them not had by we have Show the oblish & Dellah Oake more foundous he many timber his ald age is made time. that remederally Of the town of Selden of Search to the wanter westing but belower is ling found but his are thing the think - higue Wait but Them sheldow Donalton made west of her on offer Small , has been top from a shilly have wide, if you shathered it hill you you all The some of the manus of the children wifer t had wigh, seldom you from home his P.O. down is but hill Sake to Sto, whale and him we know we are all anyone to have for little, his home with his from the wife lake you all, mother day, to tie come by jour of we will hample this - your districtions and wind them Junter with their other Berench bus muches for short most inqueso for her than ... the week has much the languistes of is I wenter half the the beld my for the beld businet soft, front Hate Our head hand on a round about your who has that mile here the miles from howlett in good were stronger that I could not amunde Latte last and fuln son alon a hatela to the pends here all send from I best wish it the server and shell the has, the las bland by you minst instead, to me and had whilliam all expectable duckto by their experiented. Ethet you smuch used an

FACSIMILE OF LETTER WRITTEN MARCH 4, 1878 BY ELIZABETH E. (MARBLE) BOTSFORD TO EPHRALM WESTBROOK

(Page 6)

(Page 7)

where my parents spent their youth, and that many of the people I see were their playmates, and neighbors.

Sarah* you need not be niffed because I direct this letter to Carrie, for dont you remember, you would not promise to write to me, so I thought I would punish you a little, & I expect you will feel awfully—now don't you Sally. I want to know how you all do—and what you are doing, and news in general, and don't do as our folks have,—not write at all. I have written Otis† twice. I 'kinder dunned' him a little for I wanted a little change, I now think that is why he has not answered my letter. Well I hope he will get a good ready. I dont care a fig for his neglect, if everybody would not ask me when I heard from home.

I wish you both were here, so we could laugh a little, about the York State hills. I really like this country, for you can see such a variety to a time count a dozen hills—so high—you must double and thrible your sight to see the tops—and all under cultivation. The timber constitutes a large portion of every man's farm, and so tall you would fancy it was in the habit of kissing the moon. Stone fences in abundance, stones every where thicker than hair on a dog—yet it is a pleasant country. Well Carrie dear I must draw my lengthy scroll to a close. I have nothing of interest to write you this time, but if you are punctual, I will do better next time. Please ask Sarah to write to me, "Say Please do" to her. My love to your Father and Mother—& Sarah, and a thimbleful boiled down for yourself.

You will get this Thursday—must write to send out the next day giving me the details in full, &c—I shall have lots to tell you when I get home. I 'haint' seen any little feller yet—but if I do I will say a good word for you. So good night to you all,

LIB, E. MARBLE.

 Π

Waukegan, III, March 4th, '78.

Mr. Ephraim Westbrook, Dear Cousin:

We were all much pleased to hear from you after so many years of inquiry. The last we heard was the sad tidings of your mother's death written by a lady friend of your family, then you were living in Allegan County. About eight years ago we wrote to the Postmaster of Allegan, also Express agent, requesting information, they searched the records and replied, "no one of that name in the County." Since then I have never failed to make inquiries of everyone I met hailing from Michigan, but without success until I saw Mr. Morse.

Now Cousin, we will talk about the money matters first, I have talked with my mother; aged 87, her memory is excellent, though very feeble in health, she could probably tell you more about your grand parents and friends than any other person living. She says I must tell you from the beginning. You will probably remember too! About thirty years ago or

^{*} Sarah Seeber, sister of Carrie.

[†] Otis Marble, her brother,

I Elizabeth (Granger) Marble, wife of Levi Marble,

more your Grandfather Westbrook died (his name was Benjamin). Several hundred dollars was to go to your father. A friend or one calling himself as such heard of it, represented himself as an authorized agent, drew that money and went to California with a woman not his wife, and never made any restitution to your father. A few years after your grandmother died and a few hundred was then left to your family, but all trace had been lost. They-your father's friends-wrote to us, soon after we accidently heard you were living in Allegan County and sent the news to Sodus. mother wrote that they received that money, also that she was sick. father was all ready to go and see her when we got the letter of her death. About eight or ten years ago your Uncle Daniel Westbrook of Sodus, New York, sent word by my uncle Enoch Granger that there was still more money to be claimed by your family, coming from your grandmother's side. We have often heard, in these years, that it was still there in proper hands, it was several hundred but I do not remember just how much, but if on interest all these years will be a fair sum. My Uncle Enoch Granger was born and has always lived in Sodus, knows your Uncle Dan, and knew your parents and grandparents and has told us when he visits us that the money was waiting for you. Now, for the 'big sum,' about eight years ago your uncle Daniel and his lawyer wrote to my father to learn your whereabouts, sent papers in blank for your signatures as heirs of Peter Westbrook. They stated an immense estate valued at 'several millions' had just fallen to the descendants of a sister of your grandmother Westbrook and that you were in the right line to receive a large portion. We then tried to find you, we heard after, several times that they were working to get it. Mother says a sister of your grandmother married a very wealthy Scotch gentleman and went to Scotland to live, died soon leaving an infant daughter who inherited all of her father's vast property. It seems she died intestate and it has become very valuable and only in the last few years has it been traced to its proper owners. The lawyer writes that it was used by those having no claim and that there might be some litigation, but was very anxious to hear from your family. I trust there may be a large sum for you and your family. These hard times we should know how to appreciate it. Father always had a great desire to hear from you and often said he could die contented if you only knew of this. We do not know your Uncle Dan's address but we think you had better write my Uncle Enoch Granger, Joy, Wayne Co., N. Y., asking information. You might say, your Waukegan friends referred you to him. I assure you, Uncle will promptly notify your uncle or respond.

Mother wishes me to tell you, your Grandmother Westbrook was an Ennis or Annis and from a wealthy family, were from Jersey, of Holland descent. She also wished me to inquire if you know anything about your Father's sister Sally who married a man by the name of Moses Dewitt and moved to Michigan, near Hillsdale.

You wish to hear from the family. There are so many of us, I will only mention a few, for you must come and see for yourself. My Father was the oldest of his family, today, March 4th, is the fourth anniversary of his death, a sad day to us, for I scarcely believe it possible that a better father ever lived, and I am sure children never loved a father better than mine was

loved, not only by his children but by all that knew him. He lived and died a pure Christian, he would have been 89, the tenth of next May, Mother still is with us, but so feeble, we fear every day will be the last, Of seven children* that came to Illinois, 37 years ago, but four of us are living, Amy Morse the oldest, and Delilah Seeber and myself (the baby) live here, my sister Hannah† lives at Sheboygan Falls, Wisconsin, but is now here visiting. Uncle Solomont is living fourteen miles west of here on a farm, he is quite an invalid, has been lame from a child, has a bad cough, seldom goes from home, his P. O. address is Fort Hill, Lake Co., Ill., shall send him your letter. He is living with his fourth wife, he has but one child living, who came with him from Ohio, that is Sabina Brown, she lives near her father. Uncle has one son and two daughters by his present wife, Aunt Kate. Our Aunt Amanda Wait§ lives two miles from Uncle Solomon in good health, keeps house for her son Levi-a bachelor and all the unmarried child she has. She has eleven living children, all respectable and well to do and Aunt seems to enjoy life, her old age is full of happiness. Aunt Ann died eight or ten years ago, she lived near Aunt Wait, left seven or eight children. They are all married and most of them with Uncle Loziers live at or near New London Wisconsin, Uncle in his old age is industrious and has considerable property. Of the twelve children of Grandpa Marble's family but two are living, Uncle Solomon and Aunt Wait, but their children are scattered far and wide, if you should wish it, I will give you all their names and the names of their children as far as we know.

We are all anxious to hear from you all. Mother and my sisters remember you and your sister and are anxious to hear from her, we have always made inquiries for her. I have not written half Mother told me, for she told me so much about your relatives, that were strangers, that I could not remember. The friends here all send love and best wishes and say you must visit us, so we can be better acquainted, and that you must write soon. Please pardon my tardiness in writing. Mother was very sick when I received your letter, so that I was away from home so much—that it seemed impossible to get the necessary quiet and time. I have searched Father's papers and cannot find those letters from your Uncle or his lawyer. Mother cannot think what has been done with them but you can learn all you wish to by writing to Uncle Granger.

I have written in great haste and fear I have not been explicit as I should, but, will try to do better in future.

With kind regards to all

Yours truly,

ELIZABETH E. BOTSFORD.

^{*} Marble.

[†] King.

[#] Marble, brother of Levi.

¹ Nee Marble.

Ann (Marble) Loriers.

f Ephraim Marble.

CHAPIN, SAMUEL (d. 1675). Table VIII C, No. 918.

Freeman of Massachusetts Bay, June 1641; was appointed Commissioner for Springfield, Oct. 1652, and continued June 1654 and May 1659, "for the administration of Justice there," he and his two associates being allowed the power of a County Court; received a colonial grant of two hundred acres for services, May 1664. He was elected Selectman 1664, and annually from 1646 to 1652 and from 1660 to 1663. Deacon of the Springfield Church.

References: Records of Massachusetts, vol. III, p. 351; vol. IV, part 1, pp. 115, 379; vol. IV, part 2, p. 103. Starr, Goodwin and Morgan Ancestral Lines, vol. II, pp. 123-143.

COBB, HENRY (d. 1679). Table VII A, No. 418.

Deputy for Barnstable to the Plymouth General Court, June 1644, Mar. 1646, June 1647, June 1652, June 1659, June and Oct. 1660, June 1661, June 1662.

References: Plymouth Colony Records, vol. II, pp. 72, 95, 117; vol. III, pp. 9, 162, 187, 198, 214; vol. IV, p. 14.

DEMING, JOHN (d. 1705). Table III C, No. 296.

Deputy for Wethersfield to the Connecticut General Court, Dec. 1645, Oct. 1646, Sept. 1649, May 1650, May and Sept. 1651, May and Sept. 1652, Oct. 1653, May 1655, Oct. 1656, Feb. and May 1657, May and Oct. 1658, May and Oct. 1659, May and Oct. 1660, May and Oct. 1661, Oct. 1667, May and Oct. 1668, May 1669, and Oct. 1672. He was one of the Patentees named in the Royal Charter of Connecticut, 1662.

References: Colonial Records of Connecticut, vol. I, pp. 133, 145, 195, 207, 218, 224, 231, 235, 248, 274, 282, 288, 297, 315, 323, 334, 340, 347, 354, 365, 372; vol. II, pp. 4, 69, 82, 94, 105, 183.

DEMING, REV. DAVID (d. 1746). Table III C, No. 74.

Graduated from Harvard College in 1700, he became the first minister of Medway, Mass., but resigned his pastorate and preached in Middletown, Conn., where he bought land in 1710. He refused to settle there, though urged to do so, and finally removed to Lyme, Conn. His wife belonged to a prominent family of Boston, Mass. A granddaughter wrote: "He was a tall, handsome man; his wife was a few years his senior, and wasn't bigger than a pint cup, but as complete a lady as you ever set your eyes on. She had been brought up very delicately in Boston, and though she

resided not more than forty rods from her school had a negro to draw her there and back in a hand coach."

References: Trowbridge, Champion Genealogy, 1891, p. 271.

DEWEY, THOMAS (d. 1690). Table IX E, No. 248.

Cornet, Hampshire County Troops, July 1685.

References: Records of Massachusetts, vol. V. p. 490.

Drury, Hugh (d. 1689). Table IX C, No. 488.

Carpenter, of Boston 1640; Freeman 1654; Constable of Boston, 1655, 1656. Member of Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, Boston, Mass., 1659, and 2d Sergeant, 1664. Lieutenant, Capt. Daniel Henchman's Company of Foot, May 1675.

References: Records of Massachusetts, vol. V. p. 33. History of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, vol. I, pp. 190, 201. Register, Society of Colonial Wars, 1897-1898, p. 456, Bodge, Soldiers in King Philip's War, 3d Edition, p. 473.

Drury, John (d. 1678). Table IX C, No. 244.

He was credited with military service under Capt. Mosely in June and July 1675 at Mt. Hope; on 19 Dec. 1675, he was Ensign of the 5th Company, Mass. Regt., in the army of the United Colonies, and had been promoted to Lieutenant by 29 Feb. 1675/6, at which time he was still serving under Capt. Nathaniel Davenport.

References: Bodge, Soldiers in King Philip's War, 3d Edition, pp. 64, 170, 183.

Drury, Thomas (d. 1723). Table IX C, No. 122.

First Deputy for Framingham. Mass., to the Massachusetts General Court, 1701. Town Clerk, Selectman, and Captain.

References: Temple, History of Framingham, pp. 419, 527. Savage, Genealogical Dictionary, vol. II, p. 75. Register, Society of Colonial Wars, 1897-1898, p. 456.

Dunham, Hezekiah (d. 1824?). Table VII, No. 26.

He served in the French and Indian War, his name appearing 21 Mar. 1757, in a list of men in the company of Lt.-Col. John Norton of Edgartown, Mass.

References: Mass. Archives, vol. XCV, p. 209.

Dunham, Jethro (d.). Table VII, No. 52.

He was probably the man of this name, supposed residence "Vineyd", whose name appears 8 Mar. 1747 [1747/8] in a list, which was endorsed as Mr. Hubbard's account of money paid prisoners from Canada. These were doubtless men who had

served in the Louisbourg Expedition, 1745, and had been held in Canada as prisoners.

References: Mass. Archives, vol. XCII, p. 54a.

Dunham, John (d. 1669). Table VII A, No. 416.

A linenweaver, among the English Puritans in Leyden, Holland, 1622; freeman of Plymouth Colony, 1633. Deacon at Plymouth, Mass. Deputy for Plymouth to the Plymouth General Court, June 1639, June 1640, Sept. 1642, Oct. 1643, June and July 1644, June 1647, June 1652, June 1653, June and Aug. 1654, June 1655, June 1656, June 1659, June and Oct. 1660, June 1661, June 1662, and June 1664.

References: Plymouth Colony Records, vol. I, pp. 3, 126, 154; vol. II, pp. 45, 63, 72, 94, 117, 144, 154; vol. III, pp. 8, 31, 49, 63, 79, 99, 162, 187, 198, 214; vol. IV, pp. 14, 60.

FARRAR, JACOB (d. 1677). Table VI E, No. 402.

He settled in Lancaster, Mass., 1658; had two sons killed in King Philip's War, 1675; the town was destroyed by the Indians, 1675/6, and he removed to Woburn, where he died.

References: New Eng. H. and G. Register, vol. VI, pp. 320-321. Lowell, Munsey-Hopkins Genealogy, pp. 95-96.

Fini, John (d.). Table V, No. 94.

"Johannes Fine" served as a soldier in the Expedition to Albany, his name appearing on a muster roll dated 13 Mar. 1689 [1689/90?].

References: N. Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, vol. 37, p. 93.

Fitch, Thomas (d. 1704). Table II F, No. 558.

Clerk, Norwalk (Conn.) Train Band, Feb. 1657; Ensign of same, May 1665; Captain of Fairfield County Troop, Aug. 1673, and Feb. 1676 (King Philip's War); Commissioner for Norwalk, 1669-87, 1689-94, and for Danbury, 1686-87, 1689-90; Deputy for Norwalk to the Connecticut General Court, May 1673.

References: Colonial Records of Connecticut, vol. I, p. 290; vol. II, pp. 14, 106, 131, 152, 170, 192, 193, 206, 221, 250, 276, 304; vol. III, pp. 1, 5, 23, 26, 37, 49, 76, 97, 115, 140, 142, 169, 195, 230, 240, 252; vol. IV, pp. 24, 43, 66, 93, 121.

Granger, Aaron (d. 1777). Table VIII, No. 28.

Of Southwick, served as a private in 1777 and in 1779. These services have been claimed for our Aaron, but as administration on his estate was taken out in September 1777, the 1779 service

Houghton, John (d. 1737). Table VI E, No. 200.

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He served as Deputy for Lancaster to the Mass. General Assembly, 1693-1724; and for a long period was the only Magistrate in Lancaster.

References: New Eng. H. and G. Register, vol. LXXIX, p. 394. Lowell, Munsey-Hopkins Genealogy, p. 113.

Hubbell, Peter, Jr. (d.). Table II, No. 34.

Ensign, Company in Newbury Parish [now Brookfield], Oct. 1762; Lieutenant of the same, Oct. 1763.

References: Colonial Records of Connecticut, vol. XII, pp. 88, 194.

Hubbell, Peter, Sr. (d. 1780). Table II E, No. 68.

Granted liberty by the Colony to establish a ferry to run across the Housatonic River between Newtown and Woodbury, Conn., May 1730.

References: Colonial Records of Connecticut, vol. VII, p. 275.

Hubbell, Richard, Jr. (d. 1738). Table II-E, No. 136.

Ensign, Stratfield Train Band, Oct. 1709; Lieutenant of the same, May 1714. Deputy for Fairfield to the Connecticut General Assembly, May 1713, May and Oct. 1715, May and Oct. 1716, Oct. 1717.

References: Colonial Records of Connecticut, vol. V, pp. 116, 363, 426, 489, 519, 546, 572; vol. VI, p. 19.

Hubbell, Richard, Sr. (d. 1699). Table II E, No. 272.

Deputy for Fairfield to the Connecticut General Court, May 1678, May 1679, May 1681. Sergeant of the Fairfield Train Band.

References: Colonial Records of Connecticut, vol. III, pp. 2, 26, 75.

Hurst, James (d. 1657). Table VII A, No. 838.

A tanner, deacon of the Plymouth Church, and one of the purchasers of Dartmouth; Deputy to Plymouth General Court, June 1647.

References: Plymouth Colony Records, vol. II, p. 117. Savage, Genealogical Dictionary, vol. II, p. 506.

Jackson, Edward (d. 1681). Table VIII E, No. 930.

He was admitted a freeman of Massachusetts, May 1645. He was a nailer, son of Christopher Jackson of Whitechapel parish in London; settled in Cambridge, Mass., where in 1646 he purchased a beautiful farm of 500 acres from Gov. Bradstreet, and lived in

what was called "the village," now the town of Newton. He served as Deputy to the General Court, 1647 to 1654 inclusive, 1656, 1661, 1662, 1665 to 1668 inclusive, and in 1675 and 1676 (during King Philip's War). He served on many legislative committees; in May 1648 he was one of the committee appointed to examine the Articles of Confederation of the United Colonies; in Sept. 1653 he was on the college committee; in May 1657, on the fur trade committee, to deal with the Indians; and in Oct. 1652, on the committee to lay out the Indian plantation at Natick. He was Selectman of Cambridge in 1665.

He was several times honored with notice as the aid of the apostle Eliot in the evangelization of the Indians; and by will gave 400 acres in Billerica and other bequests to Harvard College. All the records relating to his career bespeak his public spirit and his interest in religion and education.

In 1647 and 1649, the colonial records referred to him as Lieutenant, but the date of his appointment has not been found.

References: Savage, Genealogical Dictionary, vol. II, pp. 527-528. Shurtleff, Records of Massachusetts, vol. II, pp. 294, 238, 265; vol. III, pp. 105, 121, 129, 147, 183, 220, 259, 297, 331, 424; vol. IV, part I, pp. 2, 37, 77, 112, 120, 135, 179, 181, 255; vol. IV, part 2, pp. 30, 41, 142, 294, 313, 330, 362; vol. V, pp. 42, 43, 98. Register, Conn. Society of Colonial Dames, p. 325. Jackson, History of Newton, Mass., Boston 1854, pp. 330-333.

LAY, REUBEN (d. 1835). Table III, No. 18.

The names of Reuben and Joseph Lay are found in the 17th Regt., Albany County Militia, Land Bounty Rights, Revolutionery War service. Reuben was commissioned Lieutenant, in the Columbia County militia, 26 Mar. 1787.

References: New York in the Revolution, Albany, 1898, p. 238. Military Minutes of the Council of Appointment of the State of New York, vol. I, p. 126.

LE SEUR, FRANÇOIS (d. abt. 1670). Table V A, No. 354.

Born in 1625 in Challe Mesnil, a small market town three miles south of Dieppe, in Normandy, France. His family name was well established in Caux, of which province Dieppe was the capital; and a century previous was figured amongst the cloth-makers of Rouen, France. He came thence to Manhattan about 1657, with his sister Jeanne; lived first in Flatbush, L. I., then in Harlem in 1661, and early in 1663 in Esopus. He was a civil engineer; and his brother Eustace was a painter in France and a member in 1648 of the French Academy.

References: N. Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, vol. LV, p. 360.



Noble, Thomas (d. 1704). Table IX G, No. 504.

Deputy for Westfield to the Massachusetts General Court, 1692. References: Savage, Genealogical Dictionary, vol. III, p. 286.

Post (Mael), Jan Jansen (d. 169-). Table V A, No. 176.

He seems to have gotten his surname in New York, from being employed as mail carrier; "a family legend gives it this origin, but names no place." He married, about 1675, Janattie, daughter of François le Seur, and leased Laurens Jansen's farm in Harlem, 23 Apr. 1679; but the lease was canceled 3 July, under a new agreement. He was admitted a member of the Dutch Church in Albany at some time between 1683 and 1691. He removed, about 1684, to Kingston, where he died a few years later.

References: Riker's Revised History of Harlem, N. Y., 1904, p. 388. Year Book of Holland Society, 1904, p. 7. N. Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, vol. LV, p. 361. Burhans Genealogy (1894), p. 180.

Post, Peter (d. 1787). Table V, No. 22.

His grandson, Luke Smith (born 1811), of Catskill, N. Y., stated in a letter in 1894 that he served in the Revolutionary War as Captain of Rangers. Another grandson, Peter Post, had his commission and a pay-roll of his company: the latter descended to Peter's son, Augustus Post, of Catskill, and the following exact copy was made in 1896 by Mr. Luke Smith and his son Frank and sent to Mr. Reuben S. Botsford. Mr. Smith stated, "My son Frank copied it. I have carefully examined and compared with original," and he declared it to be "an exact copy of the original in form, name, letter and figure."

The following particulars concerning the family of Lieut. Peter Post are extracted from letters written between 1894 and 1896 by Mr. Luke Smith (born 1811) to his nephew, Mr. Reuben S. Botsford. They are given here to preserve these recollections for the benefit of other Post descendants, and to carry out Mr. Smith's expressed admonition to "look this over, copy such as are proper, add what is appropriate and put in shape for future generations." Both Mr. Smith and his nephew Mr. Botsford were Masons.

"My father Lodowick Smith died July 24, 1843. My father's ancestry can only be traced to Friesland, Holland, where he was born in 1763. The date of his marriage with my mother Nellie Post I do not know, the family record is lost."

A Pay Role of a Party of Men, of Col. John Snyders Militia Regimt of Ulster County, under the command of Liut. Peter Post, when stationd on the Western Frontiers in the year 1779, the Days of Commencing & Ending both included.

Name & Ranks	Commence- ment	Ending	Months in Service	Days in Service	Pay Per Month	£ S D
Peter Post Liut Christian Will Sergt Johs Hundrickson Corp Edward Whitaker Abrm Whitaker Jacob Berger Jacob Eker Peter Wynkoop Abrm Hommel Joseph Masten Conrad Iteres Samuel Post Peter Osterhoudt Benjamin From Johannes Viele Valentine Trumphour Johannes France Peter I Winne Wilhelmus Berger	April 3 Do 5 Do 3 Do 3 Do 3 Do 3 Do 4 Do 6	May 3 Do	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	28 29 27 28 27 27 27 27 27 26 24 23 23 29 20	\$10.16.0 4 — - 2.18.8 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4 2.13.4	makes 10 16 0 3 14 8 2 18 8 2 13 4 2 13 4 2 13 4 2 11 6 2 8 0 2 8 0 2 8 0 2 8 0 2 8 0 2 10 10 2 11 6 1 15 6
To Rations Due to Liut Po Days at 1 ration per day a						55 8 1 1 11 0 Total £ 56 19 1

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ORANGE COUNTY CALIFORNIA

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